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anti-USP22 antibody (C-Term)

2 Images

2

Publications



Go to Product page

Overview	
Quantity:	400 μL
Target:	USP22
Binding Specificity:	AA 351-380, C-Term
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This USP22 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	This USP22 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic
	peptide between 351-380 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human USP22.
Clone:	RB4359
Isotype:	Ig Fraction
Predicted Reactivity:	X, B, Zf, M
Purification:	This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Target Details	
Target:	USP22

Target Details

Alternative Name:	USP22 (USP22 Products)
Background:	Modification of target proteins by ubiquitin participates in a wide array of biological functions.
	Proteins destined for degradation or processing via the 26 S proteasome are coupled to
	multiple copies of ubiquitin. However, attachment of ubiquitin or ubiquitin-related molecules
	may also result in changes in subcellular distribution or modification of protein activity. An
	additional level of ubiquitin regulation, deubiquitination, is catalyzed by proteases called
	deubiquitinating enzymes, which fall into four distinct families. Ubiquitin C-terminal hydrolases,
	ubiquitin-specific processing proteases (USPs),1 OTU-domain ubiquitin-aldehyde-binding
	proteins, and Jab1/Pad1/MPN-domain-containing metallo-enzymes. Among these four
	families, USPs represent the most widespread and represented deubiquitinating enzymes
	across evolution. USPs tend to release ubiquitin from a conjugated protein. They display similar catalytic domains containing conserved Cys and His boxes but divergent N-terminal and
	occasionally C-terminal extensions, which are thought to function in substrate recognition,
	subcellular localization, and protein-protein interactions.
Molecular Weight:	59961
Gene ID:	23326
NCBI Accession:	NP_056091
UniProt:	Q9UPT9
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB: 1:1000. WB: 1:1000. IHC-P: 1:50~100
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 °C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20 °C in small

aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Expiry Date:

6 months

Publications

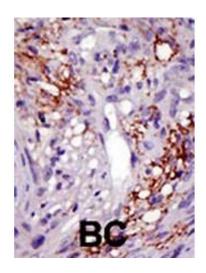
Product cited in:

Curioni-Fontecedro, Knights, Tinguely, Nuber, Schneider, Thomson, von Boehmer, Bossart, Pahlich, Gehring, Moch, Renner, Knuth, Zippelius: "MAGE-C1/CT7 is the dominant cancer-testis antigen targeted by humoral immune responses in patients with multiple myeloma." in: **Leukemia**, Vol. 22, Issue 8, pp. 1646-8, (2008) (PubMed).

Dubovsky, Albertini, McNeel: "MAD-CT-2 identified as a novel melanoma cancer-testis antigen using phage immunoblot analysis." in: **Journal of immunotherapy (Hagerstown, Md.: 1997)**, Vol. 30, Issue 7, pp. 675-83, (2007) (PubMed).

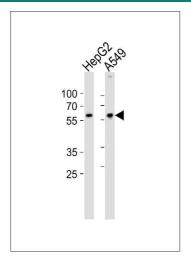
Kondo, Zhu, Asa, Ezzat: "The cancer/testis antigen melanoma-associated antigen-A3/A6 is a novel target of fibroblast growth factor receptor 2-IIIb through histone H3 modifications in thyroid cancer." in: **Clinical cancer research: an official journal of the American Association for Cancer Research**, Vol. 13, Issue 16, pp. 4713-20, (2007) (PubMed).

Images



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry, clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma, HC = hepatocarcinoma.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2, A549 cell line (from left to right), using USP22 Antibody (Cterm) B. B was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat antirabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20 μg per lane.