

Datasheet for ABIN390474

anti-Caspase 8 antibody (C-Term)

2 Images 1 Publication



Overview

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Quantity:	400 μL
Target:	Caspase 8 (CASP8)
Binding Specificity:	AA 432-461, C-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Caspase 8 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Flow Cytometry (FACS)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	This CASP8 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic
	peptide between 432-461 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human CASP8.
Clone:	RB18993
Isotype:	lg Fraction
Purification:	This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Target Details	
Target:	Caspase 8 (CASP8)
Alternative Name:	CASP8 (CASP8 Products)
Background:	CASP8 is a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential

activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes composed of a prodomain, a large protease subunit, and a small protease subunit. Activation of caspases requires proteolytic processing at conserved internal aspartic residues to generate a heterodimeric enzyme consisting of the large and small subunits. This protein is involved in the programmed cell death induced by Fas and various apoptotic stimuli. The N-terminal FADD-like death effector domain of this protein suggests that it may interact with Fas-interacting protein FADD. This protein was detected in the insoluble fraction of the affected brain region from Huntington disease patients but not in those from normal controls, which implicated the role in neurodegenerative diseases.

Molecular Weight:	55391
Gene ID:	841
NCBI Accession:	NP_001073593, NP_001073594, NP_001219, NP_203519, NP_203520, NP_203522
UniProt:	Q14790
Pathways:	Apoptosis, Caspase Cascade in Apoptosis, TLR Signaling, Activation of Innate immune Response, Tube Formation, Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity, Toll-Like Receptors
	Cascades

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB: 1:2000. FC: 1:25
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

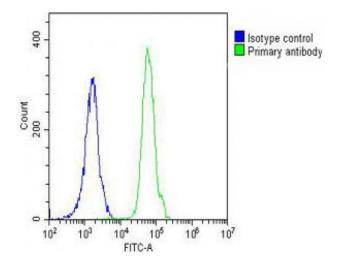
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 °C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20 °C in smal aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	6 months

Product cited in:

Lin, Huang, Lin, Lin: "p-Cresol mediates autophagic cell death in renal proximal tubular cells." in:

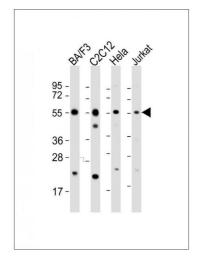
Toxicology letters, Vol. 234, Issue 1, pp. 20-9, (2015) (PubMed).

Images



Flow Cytometry

Image 1. Overlay histogram showing Jurkat cells stained with (ABIN390474 and ABIN2840840) (green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody ((ABIN390474 and ABIN2840840), 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37 °C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OH191631) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37 °C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG (1 μ g/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10,000 events was performed.



Western Blotting

Image 2. All lanes: Anti-CASP8 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: BA/F3 whole cell lysate Lane 2: C2C12 whole cell lysate Lane 3: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 4: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 55 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5 % NFDM/TBST.