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Datasheet for ABIN454352 SLC25A12 ELISA Kit



Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	SLC25A12 (Slc25a12)
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	0.312-20 ng/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	0.312 ng/mL
Application:	ELISA
Product Details	
Purpose:	This immunoassay kit allows for the specific measurement of human anti-Mi2-antibody
	concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum and plasma.
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Sample Type:	Cell Culture Supernatant, Serum, Plasma
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay recognizes recombinant and natural human Anti-Mi2.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.
Sensitivity:	< 7.8 IU/mL
	The sensitivity of this assay, or Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) was defined as the lowest
	detectable concentration that could be differentiated from zero.

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Product [Details
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	aspartate glutamate carrier 1,Solute carrier family 25 member 12,SLC25A12,ARALAR1
Components:	Reagent (Quantity): Assay plate (1), Standard (2), Sample Diluent (1x20ml), Assay Diluent A
	(1x10ml), Assay Diluent B (1x10ml), Detection Reagent A (1x120µl), Detection Reagent B
	$(1x120\mu I)$, 2 Wash Buffer(25 x concentrate) (1x30mI), Substrate (1x10mI), Stop Solution
	(1x10ml)

Target Details

Target:	SLC25A12 (Slc25a12)
Alternative Name:	SLC25A12 (Slc25a12 Products)
Target Type:	Antibody
Background:	Anti-Mi2 autoantibody is strongly associated with dermatomyositis and is found in sera of 20%
	of dermatomyositis patients. Mi2 antigen consists of at least 8 components. By
	immunoscreening human thymocyte and HeLa cell cDNA expression libraries with anti-Mi2
	patient sera isolated a partial cDNA encoding Mi2-alpha, or CHD3. The deduced partial protein
	contains 4 potential zinc finger domains. Antibodies against recombinant Mi2-alpha reacted
	with a 240-kD HeLa cell protein. Northern blot analysis detected a single 7.5- to 8.0-kb Mi2-
	alpha transcript in HeLa cells. It is noted that the Mi2-alpha and Mi2-beta (CHD4) proteins react
	with most or all dermatomyositis patient anti-Mi2 sera. While these proteins are distinct, they
	have stretches of identical sequence that could result in shared epitopes.
Pathways:	Ribonucleoside Biosynthetic Process, Dicarboxylic Acid Transport

Application Details

Sample Volume:	100 μL
Plate:	Pre-coated
Protocol:	This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A antibody
	specific for Anti-Mi2 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are
	pipetted into the wells and any Anti-Mi2 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. An
	enzyme-linked antibody specific for Anti-Mi2 is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove
	any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color
	develops in proportion to the amount of Anti-Mi2 bound in the initial step. The color
	development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.
Reagent Preparation:	Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the

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Application Details

concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 ml of Wash Buffer. Standard - Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0 mL of Sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 1,000 IU/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making serial dilutions. The undiluted standard serves as the high standard (1,000 IU/mL). The Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 IU/mL). Detection Reagent A and B - Dilute to the working concentration specified on the vial label using Assay Diluent A and B (1:100), respectively.

Sample Collection:Cell culture supernates - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or
aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Serum - Use a serum
separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15
minutes at approximately 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store
samples at -20 °C. Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant.
Centrifuge samples for 15 minutes at 1000 x g at 2 - 8 °C within 30 minutes of collection. Store
samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Note: Citrate plasma has not been
validated for use in this assay.

Assay Procedure: Allow all reagents to reach room temperature. Arrange and label required number of strips. 3
1. Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as directed in the previous sections.
2. Add 100 uL of Standard, Control, or sample per well. Cover with the adhesive strip. Incubate for 2 hours at 37 °C.

3. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash.

4. Add 100 uL of Detection Reagent A to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at 37°C. Detection Reagent A may appear cloudy. Warm to room temperature and mix gently until solution appears uniform.

5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of three washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (350 uL) using a squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.

6. Add 100 uL of Detection Reagent B to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip. Incubate for 1 hours at 37 °C.

7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step

5. 8. Add 90 uL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room

temperature. Protect from light.

9. Add 50 uL of Stop Solution to each well. If color change does not appear uniform, gently tap

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	the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
	10. Determine the optical density of each well within 30 minutes, using a microplate reader set
	to 450 nm.
	Important Note:
	1. The wash procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely
	elevated absorbance readings.
	2. It is recommended that no more than 32 wells be used for each assay run if manual pipetting
	is used since pipetting of all standards, specimens and controls should be completed within 5
	minutes. A full plate of 96 wells may be used if automated pipetting is available.
	3. Duplication of all standards and specimens, although not required, is recommended. 4
	4. When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming.
	5. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level,
	between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for
	each reagent.
	6. To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is
	necessary.
Calculation of Results:	Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average
	zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer
	software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative,
	construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis
	against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the
	graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the Anti-Mi2 concentrations versus the
	log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure
	will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the
	concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Handling Advice:	1. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
	2. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
	3. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, further dilute the samples with
	the Assay Diluent and repeat the assay. Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting
	technique, washing technique,incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in
	binding.
	4. This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, ligands, binding

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	proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in the Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	The Standard, Detection Reagent A, Detection Reagent B and the 96-well strip plate should be stored at -20 °C upon being received. The other reagents can be stored at 4 °C.