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Datasheet for ABIN456445 **MDH2 ELISA Kit**



Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	MDH2
Binding Specificity:	Soluble
Reactivity:	Mouse
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Application:	ELISA

Product Details

Purpose:	This immunoassay kit allows for the specific measurement of mouse soluble Intercellular Adhesion Molecule 1(sICAM-1) concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.
Sample Type:	Cell Culture Supernatant, Serum, Plasma
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay recognizes recombinant and natural mouse sICAM-1.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.
Sensitivity:	< 1 ng/mL The sensitivity of this assay, or Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) was defined as the lowest detectable concentration that could be differentiated from zero.
Characteristics:	Mus musculus,Mouse,Malate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial,Mdh2,Mor1,1.1.1.37
Components:	Reagent (Quantity): Assay plate (1), Standard (2), Sample Diluent (1x20ml), Assay Diluent A

Order at www.antibodies-online.com | www.antikoerper-online.de | www.anticorps-enligne.fr | www.antibodies-online.cn International: +49 (0)241 95 163 153 | USA & Canada: +1 877 302 8632 | support@antibodies-online.com Page 1/5 | Product datasheet for ABIN456445 | 09/12/2023 | Copyright antibodies-online. All rights reserved. (1x10ml), Assay Diluent B (1x10ml), Detection Reagent A 1×120µl Detection Reagent B 1×120µl Wash Buffer(25 x concentrate) (1x30ml), Substrate (1x10ml), Stop Solution (1x10ml)

Target Details

Target:	MDH2
Alternative Name:	Mdh2 (MDH2 Products)
Background:	Adhesion molecules mediate the interaction of cells with the extracellular matrix and with other
	cells. The immunoglobulin superfamily of proteins contains a large class of adhesion
	molecules with multiple immunoglobulin-like domains. ICAM is a member of this family. It is a
	90 kDa type-I transmembrane glycoprotein with five Ig-like extracellular domains. The most
	important ligands for ICAM-1 are the integrins LFA-1 (CD11a/CD18) and Mac-1 (CD11b/CD18),
	which are expressed on leukocytes. ICAM-1 thus mediates the adhesion of leukocytes to ICAM-
	1-expressing cells. ICAM-1 also binds fibrinogen, hyaluronan, Rhinoviruses, Plasmodium
	falciparum-infected erythrocytes and CD43 (sialophorin) ICAM-1 is either a transmembrane
	protein (mICAM-1) or soluble (sICAM-1). mICAM-1 is expressed on endothelial and epithelial
	cells, lymphocytes, monocytes, eosinophils, keratinocytes, dendritic cells, hematopoietic stem
	cells, hepatocytes and fibroblasts. Regulation of ICAM-1 expression is cell specific. Up-
	regulation generally is by inflammatory cytokines (TNF-alpha, IFN-gamma and IL-1) and down-
	regulation generally is by anti-inflammatory agents (e.g.glucocorticoids). One important, well-
	characterized function of ICAM-1 is immune-cell trafficking. At sites of inflammation,
	inflammatory cytokines induce up-regulation of ICAM-1 expression on vascular endothelial cells
	and activation of leukocyte integrins (LFA-1 and Mac-1). This leads to adhesion of leukocytes to
	the local endothelium, an essential step in migration of leukocytes to the site of inflammation.
	sICAM-1 has been reported in serum, cerebrospinal fluid and bronchoalveolar lavage. sICAM-1
	likely arises by proteolytic cleavage of mICAM-1, synthesis from an alternatively spliced
	message has not been found. In general, elevated levels of serum sICAM-1 appear to be
	associated with inflammatory conditions and certain malignancies. It has, however, been
	pointed out that in inflammatory conditions, where the ligands LFA-1 and Mac-1 are likely to be
	activated, binding and clearance of sICAM-1 might be enhanced, so that a reciprocal
	relationship between sICAM-1 levels and inflammation also is possible.

Application Details

Sample Volume:	100 μL	
Plate:	Pre-coated	

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Application Details	
Protocol:	This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for sICAM-1 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are 2 pipetted into the wells and any sICAM-1 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. An enzyme-linked monoclonal antibody specific for sICAM-1 is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove any unbound antibody-enzyme reagent, a substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of sICAM-1 bound in the initial step. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.
Reagent Preparation:	3 Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to prepare 500 mL of Wash Buffer. Standard - Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0 mL of Sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 500 ng/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making serial dilutions. The undiluted standard serves as the high standard (500 ng/mL). The Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/mL). Detection Reagent A and B - Dilute to the working concentration specified on the vial label using Assay Diluent A and B (1:100), respectively.
Sample Collection:	Cell culture supernates - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at approximately 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20 °C. Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples for 15 minutes at 1000 x g at 2 - 8 °C within 30 minutes of collection. Store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Note: Citrate plasma has not been validated for use in this assay.
Assay Procedure:	 Allow all reagents to reach room temperature. Arrange and label required number of strips. 1. Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as directed in the previous sections. 2. Add 100 uL of Standard, Control, or sample per well. Cover with the adhesive strip. Incubate for 2 hours at 37 °C. 3. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash. 4. Add 100 uL of Detection Reagent A to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at 37°C . Detection Reagent A may appear cloudy. Warm to room temperature and mix gently until solution appears uniform. 5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of three washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (350 uL) using a squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good

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	performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or
	decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
	6. Add 100 uL of Detection Reagent B to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip.Incubate for
	1 hours at 37 °C.
	7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step
	5. 8. Add 90 uL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room
	temperature. Protect from light.
	9. Add 50 uL of Stop Solution to each well. If color change does not appear uniform, gently tap
	the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
	10. Determine the optical density of each well within 30 minutes, using a microplate reader set
	to 450 nm.
	Important Note:
	1. The wash procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely
	elevated absorbance readings.
	2. It is recommended that no more than 32 wells be used for each assay run if manual pipetting
	is used since pipetting of all standards, specimens and controls should be completed within 5
	minutes. A full plate of 96 wells may be used if automated pipetting is available.
	3. Duplication of all standards and specimens, although not required, is recommended.
	4. When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming.
	5. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level,
	between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for
	each reagent.
	6. To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is
	necessary.
Calculation of Results:	Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average
	zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer
	software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative,
	construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis
	against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the
	graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the sICAM-1 concentrations versus the
	log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure
	will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the
	concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

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Handling

Handling Advice:	1. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
	2. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
	3. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, further dilute the samples with
	the Assay Diluent and repeat the assay. Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting
	technique, washing technique,incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation ir
	binding.
	4. This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, ligands, binding
	proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in
	the Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	The Standard, Detection Reagent A, Detection Reagent B and the 96-well strip plate should be
	stored at -20 °C upon being received. The other reagents can be stored at 4 °C.