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Datasheet for ABIN456457 OLR1 ELISA Kit

Publication



Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	OLR1
Binding Specificity:	Soluble
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	9.375-600 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	9.375 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA

Product Details

Purpose:	This immunoassay kit allows for the in vitro quantitative determination of human sLOX-1 concentrations in serum, plasma and other biological fluids.
Sample Type:	Plasma, Serum
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay recognizes recombinant and natural human sLOX-1.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.
Sensitivity:	< 2.4 pg/mL The sensitivity of this assay, or Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) was defined as the lowest detectable concentration that could be differentiated from zero.

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Product Details	
Characteristics:	Homo sapiens,Human,Oxidized low-density lipoprotein receptor 1,Ox-LDL receptor 1,C-type lectin domain family 8 member A,Lectin-like oxidized LDL receptor 1,LOX-1,Lectin-like oxLDL receptor 1,hLOX-1,Lectin-
Components:	Reagent (Quantity): Assay plate (1), Standard (2), Sample Diluent (1×20ml), Assay Diluent A (1×10ml), Assay Diluent B (1×10ml), Detection Reagent A (1×120 µl), Detection Reagent B (1×120 µl), Wash Buffer(25 x concentrate) (1×30ml), Substrate (1×10ml), Stop Solution (1×10ml), Plate sealer for 96 wells (5), Instruction (1) 2
Material not included:	Luminometer. Pipettes and pipette tips. EP tube Deionized or distilled water.

Target Details

Target:	OLR1
Alternative Name:	OLR1 (OLR1 Products)

Application Details

Sample Volume:	100 µL
Plate:	Pre-coated
Protocol:	The microtiter plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with an antibody specific to sLOX-
	1. Standards or samples are then added to the appropriate microtiter plate wells with a biotin-
	conjugated polyclonal antibody preparation specific for sLOX-1 and Avidin conjugated to
	Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. Then a TMB
	substrate solution is added to each well. Only those wells that contain sLOX-1, biotin-
	conjugated antibody and enzyme-conjugated Avidin will exhibit a change in color. The enzyme-
	substrate reaction is terminated by the addition of a sulphuric acid solution and the color
	change is measured spectrophotometrically at a wavelength of 450 nm \pm 2 nm. The
	concentration of sLOX-1 in the samples is then determined by comparing the O.D. of the
	samples to the standard curve.
Reagent Preparation:	Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the
	concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely
	dissolved. Dilute 30 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to prepare
	750 mL of Wash Buffer. Standard - Reconstitute the Standard with 0.5 mL of Sample Diluent.
	This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 600 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a
	minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making serial dilutions (Making serial
	dilution in the wells directly is not permitted). The undiluted standard serves as the high

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300 150 75 37.5 18.75 9.38 0 Detection Reagent A and B - Dilute to the working concentration
using Assay Diluent A and B (1:100), respectively.Sample Collection:Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before
centrifugation for 15 minutes at approximately 1000 × g. Remove serum and assay
immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20 C or -80 C . Plasma - Collect plasma using

EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples for 15 minutes at 1000 × g at 2 - 8 C within 30 minutes of collection. Store samples at -20 C or -80 C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Other biological fluids - Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20 C or -80 C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Note: Serum and plasma to be used within 7 days may be stored at 2-8 C, otherwise samples must stored at -20 C (\leq 1 months) or -80 C (\leq 2 months) to avoid loss of bioactivity and contamination. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. When performing the assay slowly bring samples to room temperature.

Assay Procedure: Allow all reagents to reach room temperature (Please do not dissolve the reagents at 37 C directly.). All the reagents should be mixed thoroughly by gently swirling before pipetting. Avoid foaming. Keep appropriate numbers of strips for 1 experiment and remove extra strips from microtiter plate. Removed strips should be resealed and stored at 4 C until the kits expiry date. Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as directed in the previous sections. Please predict the concentration before assaying. If values for these are not within the range of the standard curve, users must determine the optimal sample dilutions for their particular experiments.

1. Add 100 μ l of Standard, Blank, or Sample per well. Cover with the Plate sealer. Incubate for 2 hours at 37 C .

2. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash.

3. Add 100 μ l of Detection Reagent A working solution to each well. Cover with the Plate sealer. Incubate for 1 hour at 37 C . Detection Reagent A working solution may appear cloudy. Warm to room temperature and mix gently until solution appears uniform.

4. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of three washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (approximately 400 μ l) using a squirt bottle, multichannel pipette, manifold dispenser or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.

5. Add 100 μ l of Detection Reagent B working solution to each well. Cover with a new Plate sealer. Incubate for 1 hours at 37 C .

6. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step

4. 7. Add 90 μ l of Substrate Solution to each well. Cover with a new Plate sealer. Incubate
within 30 minutes at 37 C . Protect from light.

8. Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. If color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.

9. Determine the optical density of each well at once, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm. 4 Important Note:

1. Absorbance is a function of the incubation time. Therefore, prior to starting the assay it is recommended that all reagents should be freshly prepared prior to use and all required stripwells are secured in the microtiter frame. This will ensure equal elapsed time for each pipetting step, without interruption.

2. Please carefully reconstitute Standards or working Detection Reagent A and B according to the instruction, and avoid foaming and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. The reconstituted Standards can be used only once. This assay requires pipetting of small volumes. To minimize imprecision caused by pipetting, ensure that pipettors are calibrated. It is recommended to suck more than $10 \,\mu$ l for once pipetting.

 To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary. Do not allow wells to sit uncovered for extended periods between incubation steps.
Once reagents have been added to the well strips, DO NOT let the strips DRY at any time during the assay.

4. For each step in the procedure, total dispensing time for addition of reagents to the assay plate should not exceed 10 minutes.

5. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.

6. The wash procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance readings.

7. Duplication of all standards and specimens, although not required, is recommended.8. Substrate Solution is easily contaminated. Please protect it from light.

Calculation of Results: Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the x-axis against the concentration on the y-axis and draw a best fit curve through the 5 points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the sLOX-1 concentrations versus the log of the 0.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. It is

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Application Details	
	recommended to use some related software to do this calculation, such as curve expert 13.0.
	This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been
	diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution
	factor.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Handling Advice:	1. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label.
	2. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources.
	3. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, further dilute the samples and
	repeat the assay. Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing
	technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.
	4. This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, ligands, binding
	proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in
	the Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	The Standard, Detection Reagent A, Detection Reagent B and the 96-well strip plate should be
	stored at -20 °C upon being received. The other reagents can be stored at 4 °C.
Publications	
Product cited in:	Piao, Na, Seo, Hong, Sohn, Kwon, Lee, Kim: "Effects of general anaesthesia with an inhalational
	anaesthetic agent on the expression of exosomes in rats." in: International journal of medical
	sciences, Vol. 19, Issue 9, pp. 1399-1407, (2022) (PubMed).
	Ni, Zhou, Song, Chen, Wang, Du, Zhang: "ELAVL1a is an immunocompetent protein that protect
	zebrafish embryos from bacterial infection." in: Communications biology, Vol. 4, Issue 1, pp.
	251, (2021) (PubMed).
	Klaile, Müller, Schäfer, Clauder, Feer, Heyl, Stock, Klassert, Zipfel, Singer, Slevogt: "Binding of
	Candida albicans to Human CEACAM1 and CEACAM6 Modulates the Inflammatory Response
	of Intestinal Epithelial Cells." in: mBio , Vol. 8, Issue 2, (2017) (PubMed).

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journal of andrology, Vol. 34, Issue 6 Pt 1, pp. 581-93, (2011) (PubMed).

Rebetz, Tian, Persson, Widegren, Salford, Englund, Gisselsson, Fan: "Glial progenitor-like phenotype in low-grade glioma and enhanced CD133-expression and neuronal lineage differentiation potential in high-grade glioma." in: **PLoS ONE**, Vol. 3, Issue 4, pp. e1936, (2008) (PubMed).

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