

Datasheet for ABIN457584 **anti-Albumin antibody (FITC)**



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Overview

Quantity:	1 mL
Target:	Albumin (ALB)
Reactivity:	Cow
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Albumin antibody is conjugated to FITC
Application:	Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Albumin is a stable small polypeptide with a strong antigenicity. Its molecular weight is about 69,000. It has a high mobility in electrophoresis, shows macro-heterogeneity especially under pathological conditions and it can bind a large number of physiological and non-physiological molecules. Albumin is isolated from bovine serum by sequential precipitation and purified by ion exchange chromatography and affinity chromatography. Freund's complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	Inter-species cross-reactivity is a normal feature of antibodies to mammalian serum proteins, since homologous proteins of different species frequently share antigenic determinants. The degree of cross-reactivity is also dependent on the concentrations of the reactants and the sensitivity of the assay arrangement. This antiserum has been tested in double radial immunodiffusion with the following results: cat - chicken - dog + duck - goat ++ guinea pig ++ hamster + horse + human + monkey + mouse ++ pigeon - rabbit - rat ± sheep - swine + A

Product Details

	negative cross-reaction in double radial immunodiffusion does not exclude some reaction in more sensitive techniques.
Characteristics:	Fluorescein isothiocyanate-conjugated IgG fraction of polyclonal rabbit antiserum to bovine albumin
Purification:	Adsorption: Immunoaffinity adsorbed using insolubilized antigens as required, to eliminate antibodies reacting with other serum proteins. The use of insolubilized adsorption antigens prevents the presence of excess adsorbent protein or immune complexes in the antiserum. Hyperimmune antisera with strong precipitating activity are selected for fractionation by salt-precipitation and purification of the IgG (7S) fraction by DEAE-chromatography.

Target Details

Target:	Albumin (ALB)
Alternative Name:	Albumin (ALB Products)
Background:	The defined antibody specificity is directed to albumin as tested against bovine sera. In immuno-electrophoresis and double radial immunodiffusion (Ouchterlony), using various antiserum concentrations against appropriate concentrations of the immunogen, a single characteristic precipitin line is obtained which shows a reaction of identity with the precipitin lines obtained against bovine serum and the purified albumin.
Pathways:	Lipid Metabolism

Application Details

Application Notes:	As reagent for the direct detection of albumin in bovine cells, tissues and body fluids in immunofluorescence techniques. This immunoconjugate is not pre-diluted. The optimum working dilution of each conjugate should be established by titration before being used. Excess labelled antibody must be avoided because it may cause high unspecific background staining and interfere with the specific signal. Working dilutions are usually between 1:20 and 1:80.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Concentration:	IgG protein concentration 10 mg/ml. Fluorescein/IgG protein molar ratio (F/P) is approximately 1.4. No foreign proteins added.

Handling

Buffer:	Purified hyperimmune rabbit IgG lyophilized from a solution in phosphate buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2).
Preservative:	Without preservative
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	The lyophilized product is shipped at ambient temperature and may be stored at +4°C, prolonged storage at or below -20°C. It is reconstituted by adding 1 ml sterile distilled water, spun down to remove insoluble particles, divided into small aliquots, frozen and stored at or below -20°C. Prior to use, an aliquot is thawed slowly in the dark at ambient temperature, spun down again and used to prepare working dilutions by adding sterile phosphate buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2). Repeated thawing and freezing should be avoided. Working dilutions should be stored at +4°C, not refrozen, and preferably used the same day. If a slight precipitation occurs upon storage, this should be removed by centrifugation. It will not affect the performance of the product.