

# Datasheet for ABIN4913779 anti-RPS6KA1 antibody

# 1 Image



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Target:

Alternative Name:

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	RPS6KA1
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This RPS6KA1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	This RPS6KA1 monoclonal antibody is generated from mouse immunized with RPS6KA1 recombinant protein.
Immunogen: Clone:	
	recombinant protein.
Clone:	recombinant protein. 5C1
Clone:	recombinant protein.  5C1  IgG1

RPS6KA1

RPS6KA1 (RPS6KA1 Products)

Background:

Synonyms: RSK, HU-1, RSK1, p90Rsk, MAPKAPK1A, Ribosomal protein S6 kinase alpha-1, S6K-alpha-1, 90 kDa ribosomal protein S6 kinase 1, p90-RSK 1, p90RSK1, p90S6K, MAP kinase-activated protein kinase 1a, MAPK-activated protein kinase 1a, MAPKAP kinase 1a, MAPKAPK-1a, Ribosomal S6 kinase 1, RSK-1, RPS6KA1

Background: Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts downstream of ERK (MAPK1/ERK2 and MAPK3/ERK1) signaling and mediates mitogenic and stress-induced activation of the transcription factors CREB1, ETV1/ER81 and NR4A1/NUR77, regulates translation through RPS6 and EIF4B phosphorylation, and mediates cellular proliferation, survival, and differentiation by modulating mTOR signaling and repressing pro-apoptotic function of BAD and DAPK1. In fibroblast, is required for EGF-stimulated phosphorylation of CREB1, which results in the subsequent transcriptional activation of several immediate-early genes. In response to mitogenic stimulation (EGF and PMA), phosphorylates and activates NR4A1/NUR77 and ETV1/ER81 transcription factors and the cofactor CREBBP. Upon insulin-derived signal, acts indirectly on the transcription regulation of several genes by phosphorylating GSK3B at 'Ser-9' and inhibiting its activity. Phosphorylates RPS6 in response to serum or EGF via an mTORindependent mechanism and promotes translation initiation by facilitating assembly of the preinitiation complex. In response to insulin, phosphorylates EIF4B, enhancing EIF4B affinity for the EIF3 complex and stimulating cap-dependent translation. Is involved in the mTOR nutrientsensing pathway by directly phosphorylating TSC2 at 'Ser-1798', which potently inhibits TSC2 ability to suppress mTOR signaling, and mediates phosphorylation of RPTOR, which regulates mTORC1 activity and may promote rapamycin-sensitive signaling independently of the PI3K/AKT pathway. Mediates cell survival by phosphorylating the pro-apoptotic proteins BAD and DAPK1 and suppressing their pro-apoptotic function.

Gene ID: 6195
UniProt: Q15418
Pathways: MAPK Signaling, Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway, Activation of Innate immune Response, Toll-

Like Receptors Cascades

# **Application Details**

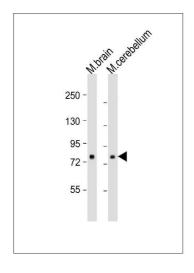
Application Notes: WB 1:300-5000

Restrictions: For Research Use only

#### Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.5 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C for 12 months.
Expiry Date:	12 months

## **Images**



### **Western Blotting**

**Image 1.** Lane 1: Mouse brain lysates, Lane 2: mouse cerebellum lysates, probed with RPS6KA1 (205CT18.3.1) Monoclonal Antibody, unconjugated (bsm-51052M) at 1:1000 overnight at 4°C followed by a conjugated secondary antibody for 60 minutes at 37°C.