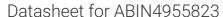
# antibodies - online.com







# anti-Complement Factor I antibody

**Images** 



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|------------|-----|----------|-----|-----|--------|------|
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| Quantity:    | 100 μg                                       |
|--------------|--|
| Target:      | Complement Factor I (CFI)                    |
| Reactivity:  | Human, Rat                                   |
| Host:        | Rabbit                                       |
|              |  |
| Clonality:   | Polyclonal                                   |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Flow Cytometry (FACS) |
|              |  |

#### **Product Details**

| Immunogen:    | Amino acids K19-D220 were used as the immunogen for the Factor I antibody. |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Isotype:      | IgG  |  |  |
| Purification: | Antigen affinity   |  |  |

# Target Details

| Target:           | Complement Factor I (CFI)   |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | Complement Factor I / CFI (CFI Products)  |
| Background:       | Complement factor I, also known as C3b/C4b inactivator, is a protein that in humans is          |
|                   | encoded by the CFI gene. This gene encodes a serine proteinase that is essential for regulating |
|                   | the complement cascade. The encoded preproprotein is cleaved to produce both heavy and          |
|                   | light chains, which are linked by disulfide bonds to form a heterodimeric glycoprotein. This    |
|                   | heterodimer can cleave and inactivate the complement components C4b and C3b, and it             |
|                   | prevents the assembly of the C3 and C5 convertase enzymes. Defects in this gene cause           |

complement factor I deficiency, an autosomal recessive disease associated with a susceptibility to pyogenic infections. Mutations in this gene have been associated with a predisposition to atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome, a disease characterized by acute renal failure, microangiopathic hemolytic anemia and thrombocytopenia. Primary glomerulonephritis with immune deposits and age-related macular degeneration are other conditions associated with mutations of this gene.

UniProt: P05156

Pathways: Complement System

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes: Western blot: 0.1-0.5 μg/mL,FACS: 1-3 μg/10^6 cells

Restrictions: For Research Use only

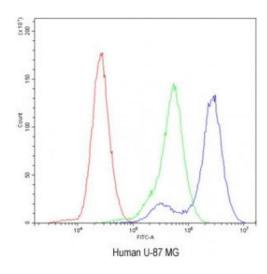
### Handling

Buffer: 0.5 mg/mL if reconstituted with 0.2 mL sterile DI water

Storage: -20 °C

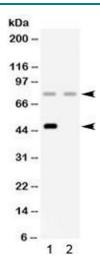
Storage Comment: After reconstitution, the Factor I antibody can be stored for up to one month at 4°C. For long-term, aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

#### **Images**



# Flow Cytometry

**Image 1.** Flow cytometry testing of human U-87 MG cells with Factor I antibody at 1ug/10<sup>6</sup> cells (blocked with goat sera)



#### **Western Blotting**

**Image 2.** Western blot testing of 1) rat liver and 2) human HeLa lysate with Factor I antibody. Expected molecular weight: 66 kDa (unmodified), 88 kDa (fully glycosylated), 50/38 kDa (fully glycosylated heavy/light chain).