# antibodies -online.com





# anti-ANAPC7 antibody (C-Term)



Image



Go to Product page

$\sim$	
( )\/⊝	view
$\circ$	V I C V V

0.1 mg
ANAPC7
C-Term
Human, Mouse, Rat
Rabbit
Polyclonal
This ANAPC7 antibody is un-conjugated
Western Blotting (WB), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA)
APC7 antibody was raised against an 18 amino acid peptide near the carboxy terminus of human APC7.
IgG
Affinity chromatography purified via peptide column
ANAPC7
ANAPC7  APC7 / ANAPC7 (ANAPC7 Products)

ubiquitin ligase that controls progression through mitosis and the G1 phase of the cell cycle. APC/C is responsible for degrading anaphase inhibitors, mitotic cyclins, and spindle-associated proteins ensuring that events of mitosis take place in proper sequence. The individual APC/C components mRNA and protein levels are expressed at approximately the same levels in most tissues and cell lines, suggesting that they perform their functions as part of a complex. APC7 is required for proper protein ubiquitination function of APC/C and for the interaction of APC/C with various transcription coactivators. Synonyms: Anaphase-promoting complex subunit 7, Cyclosome subunit 7

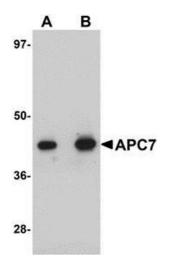
Gene ID:	51434
NCBI Accession:	NP_057322
UniProt:	Q4KMX6

## **Application Details**

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
	Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.
	Other applications not tested.
Application Notes:	ELISA. Western Blot: APC7 antibody can be used for detection of APC7 at 1 - 2 $\mu$ g/mL.

### Handling

Concentration:	1.0 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS containing 0.02 % sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store the antibody (in aliquots) at -20 °C.



#### **Western Blotting**

Image 1. Western blot analysis of APC7 in rat kidney tissue lysate with AP30063PU-N APC7 antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2  $\mu g/ml.$