

Datasheet for ABIN4997156

anti-BAD antibody (pSer134) (AbBy Fluor® 750)



Go to Product page

| Overview | |
|----------------------|--|
| Quantity: | 100 μL |
| Target: | BAD |
| Binding Specificity: | pSer134 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This BAD antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 750 |
| Application: | Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Flow Cytometry (FACS) |
| Product Details | |
| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human BAD around the phosphorylation site of Ser134 |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |
| Target Details | |
| Target: | BAD |
| Alternative Name: | Bad (BAD Products) |

Target Details

Background:

Synonyms: Bad phospho S134, Bad phospho Ser134, p-Bad S134,p-Bad Ser134, p-Bad phospho Ser134, BBC 2, BBC2, BBC6, Bcl 2 Antagonist of Cell Death, Bcl 2 Binding Component 6, BCL X / BCL 2 Binding Protein, BCL X Binding Protein, Bcl XL/Bcl 2 Associated Death Promoter, Bcl-2-like protein 8, Bcl2 antagonist of cell death, BCL2 antagonist of cell death protein, BCL2 associated agonist of cell death, Bcl2 Associated Death Promoter, BCL2 binding component 6, BCL2 binding protein, Bcl2 Like 8 Protein, Bcl2-L-8, BCL2L8, BclXL, Proapoptotic BH3 Only Protein, BAD_HUMAN, Bcl-2-binding component 6.

Background: Bad is a member of the Bcl2 family and acts to promote apoptosis by forming heterodimers with the survival proteins Bcl2 and BclxL, thus preventing them from binding with BAX. Bad is found on the outer mitochondrial membrane and, once phosphorylated in response to growth stimuli, translocates to the cytoplasm. The phosphorylation status of Bad represents a key checkpoint for death or cell survival. JNK-induced phosphorylation of BAD serine 128 promotes the apoptotic role of Bad by opposing the inhibitory effect of growth factor on Badmediated apoptosis. Cdc2-induced phosphorylation of Bad serine 128 has an inhibitory effect on its interaction with 14-3-3 proteins. The latter interaction is critical for Bad phosphorylation at serine 155, a site within the BH3 domain that leads to the release of BclxL and the promotion of cell survival. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform.

Gene ID:

572

Pathways:

MAPK Signaling, PI3K-Akt Signaling, RTK Signaling, Apoptosis, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling
Pathway, Positive Regulation of Peptide Hormone Secretion, Carbohydrate Homeostasis,
Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity, Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process,
Hepatitis C, CXCR4-mediated Signaling Events

Application Details

Application Notes:

FCM 1:20-100

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:

Liquid

Handling

| Concentration: | 1 μg/μL |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer: | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol. |
| Preservative: | ProClin |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |