

Datasheet for ABIN4998898

anti-CACNB4 antibody (AA 301-400) (AbBy Fluor® 750)



Go to Product page

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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	CACNB4	
Binding Specificity:	AA 301-400	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This CACNB4 antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 750	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)),	
	Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc))	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CACNB4/L-type Ca++ CP beta 4	
Isotype:	IgG	
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Chicken	
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.	
Target Details		
Target:	CACNB4	
Alternative Name:	CACNB4/L-type Ca++ CP_4 (CACNB4 Products)	
Background:	Synonyms: CAB4, CACB4_HUMAN, Cacnb4, CACNLB4, Calcium channel voltage dependent	

beta 4 subunit, Calcium channel voltage dependent subunit beta 4, Calcium channel voltage-dependent subunit beta 4, Dihydropyridine sensitive L type calcium channel beta 4 subunit, EA5, EIG9, EJM, EJM4, Voltage-dependent L-type calcium channel subunit beta-4.

Background: Voltage-dependent calcium channels are essential for the release of neurotransmitters. L-type (long lasting current) voltage-dependent calcium channels are composed of four subunits: an Alpha1 subunit, a Beta subunit, a Beta subunit and an Alpha2 Gamma subunit. The Beta subunit is encoded by four genes, designated Beta1-Beta 4, all of which contribute to the diversity of calcium currents and are involved in membrane trafficking of the Beta subunit. L-type Ca++ CP Beta 4, also known as CACNB4 (Calcium channel voltage-dependent subunit beta 4), CACNLB4 or CAB4, is a 484 amino acid protein that contains one SH3 domain and is expressed in ovary, brain and smooth muscle. Functioning as one of the four components of the Beta subunit, L-type Ca++ CP Beta 4 increases the peak calcium current in voltage-dependent calcium channels, thereby shifting the voltage dependencies of activation and inactivation and controlling G protein inhibition and Beta membrane targeting. Two isoforms of L-type Ca++ CP Beta4 exist due to alternative splicing events.

Pathways:

cAMP Metabolic Process, Skeletal Muscle Fiber Development

Application Details

Application	Notes:

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C

Handling

Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months