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anti-CPXM1 antibody (AA 251-350) (Alexa Fluor 680)



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|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| | N/P | r\/ | i⊢₩ |

| Quantity: | 100 μL |
|----------------------|--|
| Target: | CPXM1 |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 251-350 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This CPXM1 antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 680 |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CPXM |
|-----------------------|--|
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Mouse,Rat |
| Purification: | Purified by Protein A. |

Target Details

| Target: | CPXM1 |
|-------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | CPXM (CPXM1 Products) |
| Background: | Synonyms: Carboxypeptidase X M14 family member 1, Carboxypeptidase X member 1, CPX 1, |

CPX1, CPXM 1, CPXM1, Metallocarboxypeptidase CPX 1, Probable carboxypeptidase X1, CPXM1_HUMAN.

Background: CPXM (carboxypeptidase X, member 1) belongs to the peptidase M14 family. However, no carboxypeptidase activity has yet been detected. It may be involved in cell-cell interactions. Members of the M14 metallocarboxypeptidase protein family serve many diverse functions and are divided into three subfamilies based on structure, function and amino acid sequence similarity. Belonging to the N/E subfamily, CPXM (metallocarboxypeptidase CPX-1) is a 734 amino acid protein that contains a F5/8 type C domain and likely binds one zinc ion per subunit. Most members of the N/E subfamily contain several domains, including an active carboxypeptidase domain and signal peptide, and are thought to function mostly in protein-protein interactions and/or protein-membrane interactions, thereby targeting the protein to specific locations within the secretory pathway. CPXM is a unique member of this subfamily in that it does not appear to exhibit any enzymatic activity due to lack of several active-site residues that are present in the catalytic domain of other members of the N/E subfamily. Studies showing that CPXM expression is regulated during osteoclastogenesis suggest that CPXM may play a role in osteoclast differentiation. There are two isoforms of CPXM which are a result of alternative splicing events.

Gene ID:

56265

Application Details

Application Notes:

IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

| Format: | Liquid |
|--------------------|--|
| Concentration: | 1 μg/μL |
| Buffer: | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol. |
| Preservative: | ProClin |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |

Handling

| Storage: | -20 °C |
|------------------|---|
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |