



[Go to Product page](#)

Datasheet for ABIN5003201

## anti-GABRB1 antibody (pSer434) (Alexa Fluor 680)

### Overview

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| Quantity:            | 100 µL   |
| Target:              | GABRB1   |
| Binding Specificity: | pSer434  |
| Reactivity:          | Mouse  |
| Host:                | Rabbit   |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal   |
| Conjugate:           | This GABRB1 antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 680  |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

### Product Details

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human GARB1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser434 |
| Isotype:              | IgG  |
| Cross-Reactivity:     | Mouse  |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Rat,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Horse,Rabbit   |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.   |

### Target Details

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|---------|--------|
| Target: | GABRB1 |
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## Target Details

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Alternative Name: GARB1 ([GABRB1 Products](#))

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Background: Synonyms: GABA A Receptor beta 1 phospho S434; GARB1 Ser 434; GABAA receptor subunit beta-1; GABA-A receptor, beta-1 polypeptide; Gabrb-1; Gamma Aminobutyric Acid A Receptor Beta 1; Gamma Aminobutyric Acid Receptor , beta-1; Gamma-aminobutyric acid GABA A receptor, subunit beta 1; Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-1; GARB1; GABRA1; AW061132; B230208N19Rik; GABAA receptor beta 1; GABAA receptor subunit beta-1; GABA-A receptor, beta-1 polypeptide; Gabrb-1; GABRB1; Gamma aminobutyric acid GABA A receptor beta 1; Gamma Aminobutyric Acid A Receptor Beta 1; Gamma Aminobutyric Acid Receptor , beta-1; Gamma-aminobutyric acid GABA A receptor, subunit beta 1; Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-1; GARB1; GBRB1\_HUMAN.

Background: GAD-65 and GAD-67, glutamate decarboxylases, function to catalyze the production of GABA (g-aminobutyric acid). In the central nervous system GABA functions as the main inhibitory transmitter by increasing a Cl<sup>-</sup> conductance that inhibits neuronal firing. GABA has been shown to activate both ionotropic (GABAA) and metabotropic (GABAB) receptors as well as a third class of receptors called GABAC. Both GABAA and GABAC are ligand-gated ion channels, however, they are structurally and functionally distinct. Members of the GABAA receptor family include GABAA R alpha 1-6, GABAA R beta 1-3, GABAA R $\rho$ 1-3, GABAA R $\delta$ , GABAA R gamma, GABAA R delta 1 and GABAA R delta 2. The GABAB family is composed of GABAB R1 alpha and GABAB R1 beta. GABA transporters have also been identified and include GABA T-1, GABA T-2 and GABA T-3 (also designated GAT-1, -2 and -3). The GABA transporters function to terminate GABA action.

## Application Details

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Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200  
IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200  
IF(ICC) 1:50-200

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Restrictions: For Research Use only

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## Handling

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Format: Liquid

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Concentration: 1  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ L

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Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS ( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.

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## Handling

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|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | -20 °C   |
| Storage Comment:   | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                                  |
| Expiry Date:       | 12 months  |