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Datasheet for ABIN5003525 anti-GNE antibody (Alexa Fluor 680)



Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	GNE
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This GNE antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 680
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GLCNE
lsotype:	lgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	
Target:	GNE
Alternative Name:	GLCNE (GNE Products)
Background:	Synonyms: IBM2, Uae1, Bunctional UDP N acetylglucosamine 2 epimerase/N
	acetylmannosamine kinase, DMRV, ManAc kinase, N acylmannosamine kinase, NM, RP23-
	209M8.6, UDP GlcNAc 2 epimerase, UDP GlcNAc 2 epimerase/ManAc kinase, Uridine
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diphosphate N acetylglucosamine 2 epimerase, GLCNE_HUMAN.

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Background: The bifunctional enzyme UDP-N-acetylglucosamine 2-epimerase/N-
acetylmannosamine kinase (GNE/Mnk), or GLCNE, regulates and initiates biosynthesis of N-
acetylneuraminic acid (NeuAc), a precursor of sialic acids. GLCNE is required for normal
sialylation in hematopoietic cells. Sialylation is implicated in cell adhesion, signal transduction,
tumorigenicity and metastatic behavior of malignant cells. It is upregulated after PKC-
dependent phosphorylation and is most abundantly expressed in liver and placenta. It is also
expressed, to a lesser extent, in heart, brain, lung, kidney, skeletal muscle and pancreas. Defects
in GLCNE are the cause of sialuria, inclusion body myopathy 2 (IBM2) and Nonaka myopathy
(NM) or distal myopathy with rimmed vacuoles (DMRV). Sialuria is an autosomal dominant
disorder caused by a lack of feedback inhibition of GLCNE by CMP-NeuAc, resulting in
overproduction of NeuAc. It is characterized by an accumulation of free sialic acid in the
cytoplasm and large quantities of neuraminic acid in the urine. Both IBM2 and NM/DMRV are
autosomal recessive neuromuscular disorders characterized by adult onset, distal and proximal
muscle weakness (especially in the legs) and a typical muscle pathology including filamentous
inclusions and rimmed vacuoles.

Gene ID:

10020

Application Details

Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

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