

Datasheet for ABIN500539

anti-Presenilin 1 antibody (C-Term)

2 Images



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Overview		
Quantity:	0.1 mg	
Target:	Presenilin 1 (PSEN1)	
Binding Specificity:	C-Term	
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This Presenilin 1 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA)	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	Presenilin1 antibody was raised against a 23 amino acid peptide from near the carboxy terminus of human presenilin1.	
Isotype:	IgG	
Specificity:	This antibody detects Presenilin-1. It has no cross-reactivity to presenilin-2.	
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Species reactivity (tested):Human, mouse, rat	
Purification:	Peptide affinity chromatography	
Target Details		
Target:	Presenilin 1 (PSEN1)	

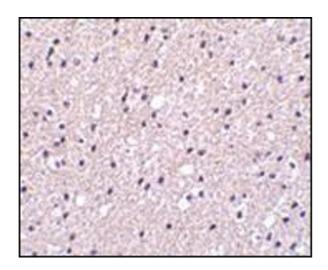
Target Details

Alternative Name:	Presenilin-1 (PSEN1 Products)		
Background:	Presenilin1 was initially identified a marker of susceptibility to early-onset Alzheimer's disease.		
	In addition to PEN2, nicastrin and APH-1, Presenilin1 forms the g-secretase protein complex, a		
	membrane-bound aspartyl protease that can cleave certain proteins at peptide bonds buried		
	within the hydrophobic environment of the lipid bilayer. This cleavage is responsible for a key		
	step in signaling from several cell-surface receptors and is thought to be required for the		
	generation of the neurotoxic amyloid peptides that are central to the pathogenesis of		
	Alzheimer's disease. Like the tumor necrosis factor-a-converting enzyme (TACE) and the b-site		
	cleavage enzyme (BACE) protease families, g-secretase will cleave the amyloid precursor		
	protein (APP), but within the intramembrane region of APP, resulting in either the non-toxic p3		
	(from the a and g cleavage site) or the toxic Ab amyloid peptide (from the b and g cleavage		
	site). It is thought that accumulation of the Ab peptide is the precursor to Alzheimer's disease.		
	Multiple isoforms of presenilin1 are known to exist. Synonyms: AD3, AF3, Alzheimer Disease 3,		
	FAD, PS-1, PS1, PSEN1, PSNL1, Presenilin 1, S182		
Gene ID:	5663		
NCBI Accession:	NP_000012		
UniProt:	P49768		
Pathways:	Notch Signaling, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Synaptic Vesicle Exocytosis, Dicarboxylic Acid		
	Transport		
Application Details			
Application Notes:	ELISA. Western blot: 0.5 - 1 μg/mL. Immunohistochemistry on paraffin sections.		
	Other applications not tested.		
	Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.		
Restrictions:	For Research Use only		
Handling			
Concentration:	1 mg/mL		
Buffer:	PBS containing 0.02 % sodium azide		
Preservative:	Sodium azide		
Precaution of Use:	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which		
	should be handled by trained staff only.		

Handling

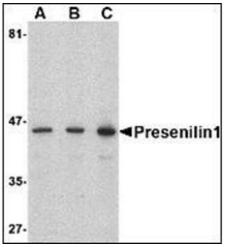
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.	
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at 2 - 8 °C for up to one month or (in aliquots) at -20 °C for longer.	

Images



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 1. Immunohistochemistry of Presenilin1 in human brain tissue with this product at $2.5 \, \mu g/ml$.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of presenilin1 in human brain lysate with this product at (A) 0.5, (B) 1, and (C) 2 μ g/ml.