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anti-RAPTOR antibody (N-Term)

Images



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Overview	
Quantity:	0.1 mg
Target:	RAPTOR
Binding Specificity:	N-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This RAPTOR antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	Raptor polyclonal antibody was raised against a 13 amino acid peptide from near the aminoterminus of human Raptor.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	This antibody detects RAPTOR at N-term. Raptor has multiple isoforms that may also be recognized by the antibody.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Species reactivity (tested):Human, mouse
Purification:	Peptide affinity chromatography
Target Details	
Target:	RAPTOR

Target Details

Alternative Name:	RAPTOR (RAPTOR Products)	
Background:	The mammalian Target of Rapamycin (TOR, also known as mTOR) is an evolutionarily	
	conserved serine/threonine kinase that regulates cell growth and cell cycle through its ability to	
	integrate signals from nutrient levels and growth factors (reviewed in 1). Rapamycin inhibits	
	TOR activity resulting in reduced cell growth and reduced rates of cell cycle and cell	
	proliferation (reviewed in 2). Raptor (regulatory associated protein of TOR) is a TOR-binding	
	protein essential for TOR signaling in vivo. It acts as a TOR scaffold protein whose binding by	
	TOR substrates is necessary for effective TOR-catalyzed phosphorylation (3). These substrates	
	include the ribosomal protein S6 kinase (RP S6K) and the eukaryotic initiation factor 4E binding	
	protein 4EBP1, proteins necessary for cell growth and proliferation and responsive to nutrient	
	and mitogen levels (4). Raptor binds these proteins through a common 5 amino acid TOR-	
	signaling (TOS) motif, mutation of this motif prevents the TOR-dependent phosphorylation of	
	these proteins (5). Synonyms: KIAA1303, P150 target of rapamycin TOR-scaffold protein,	
	RPTOR, Regulatory-associated protein of mTOR	
Gene ID:	57521	
UniProt:	Q8N122	
Pathways:	Warburg Effect	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	ELISA. Western blot: 2 μg/mL. Immunocytochemistry.	
	Other applications not tested.	
	Optimal dilutions are dependent on conditions and should be determined by the user.	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Buffer:	PBS containing 0.02 % sodium azide	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which	
	should be handled by trained staff only.	
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.	
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C	

Storage Comment:

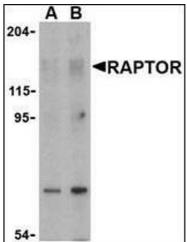
Store at 2 - 8 °C for up to one month or (in aliquots) at -20 °C for longer.

Images



Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunocytochemistry of RAPTOR in L1210 cells with this product at 10 $\mu g/ml$.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of Raptor in L1210 cell lysate with this product at (A) 2 and (B) 4 µg/ml.