

Datasheet for ABIN5008895

**anti-PKC gamma antibody (pThr674) (AbBy Fluor® 750)**[Go to Product page](#)

## Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	PKC gamma (PRKCG)
Binding Specificity:	pThr674
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This PKC gamma antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 750
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p))

## Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human PKC gamma around the phosphorylation site of Thr674
Isotype:	IgG
Predicted Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Cow, Sheep, Pig, Horse, Rabbit, Guinea Pig
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

## Target Details

Target:	PKC gamma (PRKCG)
Alternative Name:	PKC gamma ( <a href="#">PRKCG Products</a> )

## Target Details

Background:	<p>Synonyms: PKCC, PKCG, PRKCG, Protein kinase C gamma, Protein kinase C gamma polypeptide, Protein kinase C gamma type, SCA 14, SCA14, KPCG_HUMAN.</p> <p>Background: Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play distinct roles in cells. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. There have been at least 12 different PKC isoforms identified in humans to date including alpha, beta I, beta II, gamma, delta, epsilon, zeta, eta, theta, iota, lambda, and mu. PKC gamma is expressed solely in the brain and spinal cord and its localization is restricted to neurons. It has been demonstrated that several neuronal functions, including long term potentiation (LTP) and long term depression (LTD), specifically require this kinase. Knockout studies in mice also suggest that this kinase may be involved in neuropathic pain development. Defects in this protein have been associated with neurodegenerative disorder spinocerebellar ataxia-14 (SCA14).</p>
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Gene ID:	5582
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Pathways:	<a href="#">WNT Signaling</a> , <a href="#">EGFR Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Thyroid Hormone Synthesis</a> , <a href="#">Myometrial Relaxation and Contraction</a> , <a href="#">G-protein mediated Events</a> , <a href="#">Positive Regulation of Response to DNA Damage Stimulus</a> , <a href="#">Interaction of EGFR with phospholipase C-gamma</a> , <a href="#">Thromboxane A2 Receptor Signaling</a> , <a href="#">VEGF Signaling</a>
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## Application Details

Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200
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Restrictions:	For Research Use only
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## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS ( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.

## Handling

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Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months