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# anti-TMEM166 antibody (AA 51-152) (Alexa Fluor 680)



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|     |     |       |     |   |

| Quantity:            | 100 μL   |
|----------------------|--|
| Target:              | TMEM166 (FAM176A)  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 51-152  |
| Reactivity:          | Human  |
| Host:                | Rabbit   |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal   |
| Conjugate:           | This TMEM166 antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 680   |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

## **Product Details**

| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TMEM166 |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Isotype:              | IgG   |  |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Mouse,Rat,Cow,Pig,Horse                               |  |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.                                      |  |

# **Target Details**

| Target:   | TMEM166 (FAM176A)          |
|---|----------------------------|
| Alternative Name:   | TMEM166 (FAM176A Products) |
| Background: Synonyms: FLJ13391, TMEM 166, Transmembrane protein 166, EVA1A_HUMAN. |                            |

Background: TMEM166, also known as FAM176A (family with sequence similarity 176, member A), is a 152 amino acid protein encoded by a gene mapping to human chromosome 2. The second largest human chromosome, 2 consists of 237 million bases encoding over 1,400 genes and making up approximately 8 % of the human genome. A number of genetic diseases are linked to genes on chromosome 2. Harlequin icthyosis, a rare and morbid skin deformity, is associated with mutations in the ABCA12 gene. The lipid metabolic disorder sitosterolemia is associated with ABCG5 and ABCG8. An extremely rare recessive genetic disorder, Alstr syndrome is due to mutations in the ALMS1 gene. Interestingly, chromosome 2 contains what appears to be a vestigial second centromere and vestigial telomeres which gives credence to the hypothesis that human chromosome 2 is the result of an ancient fusion of two ancestral chromosomes seen in modern form today in apes.

Gene ID:

84141

## **Application Details**

Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

#### Handling

| Format:            | Liquid   |  |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Concentration:     | 1 μg/μL  |  |
| Buffer:            | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.         |  |
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |  |
| Storage:           | -20 °C   |  |
| Storage Comment:   | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                                  |  |
| Expiry Date:       | 12 months  |  |