

Datasheet for ABIN5530988
anti-Radil antibody (C-Term)[Go to Product page](#)

3 Images

Overview

Quantity:	400 µL
Target:	Radil
Binding Specificity:	AA 1044-1071, C-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Radil antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))

Product Details

Immunogen:	This RADIL antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1044-1071 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human RADIL.
Isotype:	Ig Fraction
Purification:	This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Target Details

Target:	Radil
Alternative Name:	RADIL (Radil Products)
Molecular Weight:	117 kDa
Gene ID:	55698

Target Details

UniProt: [Q96JH8](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: For WB starting dilution is: 1:1000
For IHC-P starting dilution is: 1:50~100

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL

Buffer: Supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.

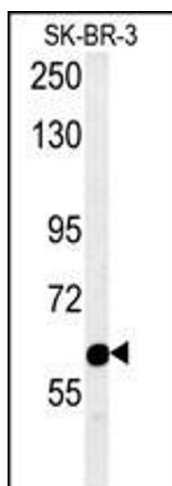
Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: 4 °C, -20 °C

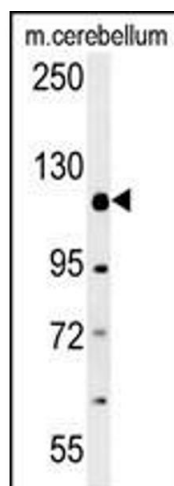
Storage Comment: Store at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Images



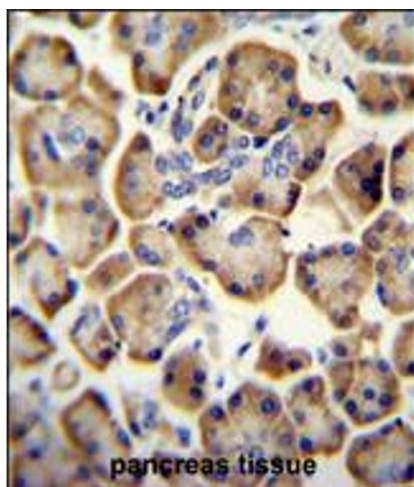
Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis in SK-BR-3 cell line lysates (15ug/lane). This demonstrates the detected RADIL protein (arrow).



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis in mouse cerebellum tissue lysates (15ug/lane). This demonstrates the detected RADIL protein (arrow).



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. RADIL antibody immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human pancreas tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.