

Datasheet for ABIN5531016  
**anti-POLI antibody (C-Term)**[Go to Product page](#)

## 2 Images

## Overview

Quantity:	400 µL
Target:	POLI
Binding Specificity:	AA 673-701, C-Term
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This POLI antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))

## Product Details

Immunogen:	This POLI antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 673-701 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human POLI.
Isotype:	Ig Fraction
Purification:	This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

## Target Details

Target:	POLI
Alternative Name:	POLI ( <a href="#">POLI Products</a> )
Background:	Error-prone DNA polymerase specifically involved in DNA repair. Plays an important role in translesion synthesis, where the normal high-fidelity DNA polymerases cannot proceed and DNA synthesis stalls. Favors Hoogsteen base-pairing in the active site. Inserts the correct base

## Target Details

with high-fidelity opposite an adenosine template. Exhibits low fidelity and efficiency opposite a thymidine template, where it will preferentially insert guanosine. May play a role in hypermutation of immunoglobulin genes. Forms a Schiff base with 5'-deoxyribose phosphate at abasic sites, but may not have lyase activity.

Molecular Weight: 83 kDa

Gene ID: 11201

UniProt: [Q9UNA4](#)

Pathways: [DNA Damage Repair](#)

## Application Details

Application Notes: For WB starting dilution is: 1:1000

For IHC-P starting dilution is: 1:10~50

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 0.5 mg/mL

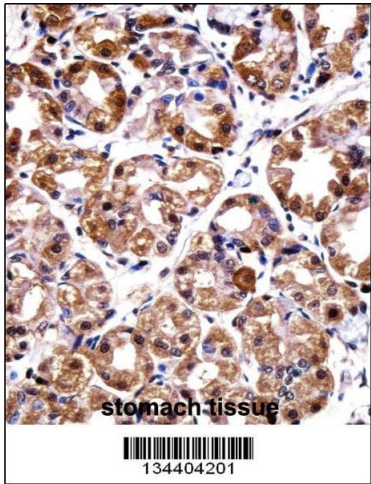
Buffer: Supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

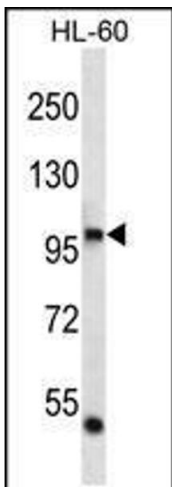
Storage: 4 °C, -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.



### Immunohistochemistry

**Image 1.** POLI Antibody immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human stomach tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.



### Western Blotting

**Image 2.** Western blot analysis in HL-60 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).