

Datasheet for ABIN5531377

anti-HYAL1 antibody (C-Term)[Go to Product page](#)**2** Images

Overview

Quantity:	400 µL
Target:	HYAL1
Binding Specificity:	AA 280-309, C-Term
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This HYAL1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))

Product Details

Immunogen:	This HYAL1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 280-309 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human HYAL1.
Isotype:	Ig Fraction
Purification:	This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Target Details

Target:	HYAL1
Alternative Name:	HYAL1 (HYAL1 Products)
Background:	This gene encodes a lysosomal hyaluronidase. Hyaluronidases intracellularly degrade hyaluronan, one of the major glycosaminoglycans of the extracellular matrix. Hyaluronan is thought to be involved in cell proliferation, migration and differentiation. This enzyme is active

Target Details

at an acidic pH and is the major hyaluronidase in plasma. Mutations in this gene are associated with mucopolysaccharidosis type IX, or hyaluronidase deficiency. The gene is one of several related genes in a region of chromosome 3p21.3 associated with tumor suppression. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

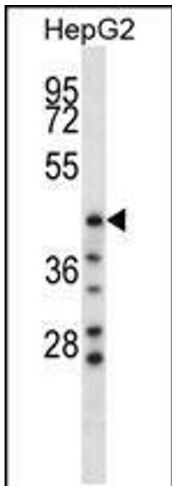
Molecular Weight:	48 kDa
Gene ID:	3373
UniProt:	Q12794
Pathways:	Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process

Application Details

Application Notes:	For WB starting dilution is: 1:1000 For IHC-P starting dilution is: 1:10~50
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

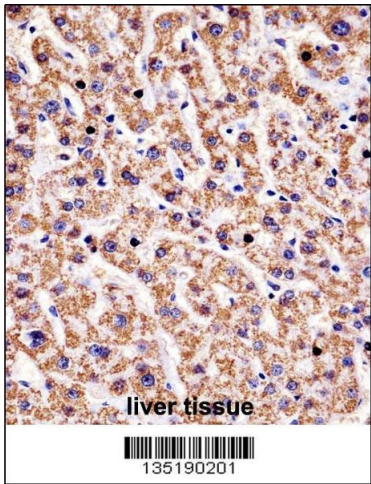
Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.5 mg/mL
Buffer:	Supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis in HepG2 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. HYAL1 Antibody immunohistochemistry analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded human liver tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining.