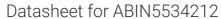
antibodies -online.com





anti-ERAS antibody (N-Term)

3 Images



Go to Product page

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0.01.11011		
Quantity:	400 μL	
Target:	ERAS	
Binding Specificity:	AA 13-42, N-Term	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This ERAS antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	This ERAS antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 13-42 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ERAS.	
Isotype:	lg Fraction	
Purification:	This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis	
Target Details		
Target:	ERAS	
Alternative Name:	ERAS (ERAS Products)	
Background:	Ras proteins bind GDP/GTP and possess intrinsic GTPase activity. Point mutations of severa	

amino acids of human RAS, including gly12, ala59, or glu63, render the protein constitutively active. Embryonic stem cell-expressed Ras (ERAS) has serine, alanine, and asparagine at the positions corresponding to gly12, ala59, and glu63 of human RAS, suggesting that it is constitutively active. The PI3K (phosphoinositide 3-kinase) pathway is important for proliferation, survival and maintenance of pluripotency in ES cells. The PI3K pathway is activated by growth factors and cytokines including insulin and leukaemia inhibitory factor. In addition to these exogenous factors, the PI3K pathway is endogenously activated by the constitutively active Ras family protein ERas (ES cell-expressed Ras). ERas null ES cells maintained pluripotency but show significantly reduced growth and tumorigenicity, which can be rescued by expression of ERas cDNA or by activated phosphatidylinositol 3-hydroxykinase. The transforming oncogene ERAS appears to be important in the tumor-like growth properties of ES cells.

Molecular Weight:

25 kDa

Gene ID:

3266

UniProt:

Q7Z444

Application Details

Application Notes:

For WB starting dilution is: 1:1000

For IHC-P starting dilution is: 1:50

For IF starting dilution is: 1:10~50

For FACS starting dilution is: 1:10~50

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

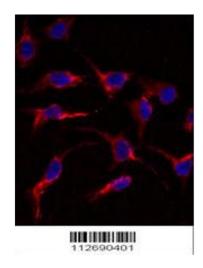
Handling

Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	2 mg/mL	
Buffer:	Supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which	

Handling

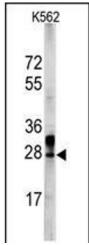
	should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.	

Images



Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunofluorescence analysis of anti-ERAS Antibody in HeLa cells. 0.025 mg/ml primary antibody was followed by Alexa-Fluor-546-conjugated donkey anti-rabbit lgG (H+L). Alexa-Fluor-546 emits orange fluorescence. Blue counterstaining is DAPI.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of ERAS Antibody in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane)



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human brain tissue reacted with ERAS antibody (A28), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining.