

Datasheet for ABIN5633275

anti-CD5 antibody (PE)

1 Image



Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	CD5
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Rat
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This CD5 antibody is conjugated to PE
Application:	Flow Cytometry (FACS)

Product Details

Purpose:	Anti-Ms CD5 PE
Immunogen:	murine thymus or spleen cells
Clone:	53-7-3
Isotype:	IgG2a kappa
Specificity:	The rat monoclonal antibody 53-7.3 recognizes an extracellular epitope of CD5, a 67 kDa single-chain transmembrane glycoprotein expressed on mature T lymphocytes, most of thymocytes and B-1 lymphocytes.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Mouse
Purification:	Purified antibody is conjugated with R-phycoerythrin (PE) under optimum conditions. Unconjugated antibody and free fluorochrome are removed by size-exclusion chromatography.

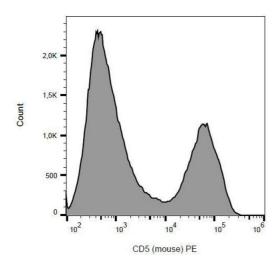
Target Details

Target:	CD5
Alternative Name:	CD5 (CD5 Products)
Background:	CD5 Molecule,CD5 antigen (T1, 67 kDa) is a human cell surface T-lymphocyte single-chain
	transmembrane glycoprotein. CD5 is expressed on all mature T-lymphocytes, most of
	thymocytes, subset of B-lymphocytes and on many T-cell leukemias and lymphomas. It is a
	type I membrane glycoprotein whose extracellular region contains three scavenger receptor
	cysteine-rich (SRCR) domains. The CD5 is a signal transducing molecule whose cytoplasmic
	tail is devoid of any intrinsic catalytic activity. CD5 modulates signaling through the antigen-
	specific receptor complex (TCR and BCR). CD5 crosslinking induces extracellular Ca++
	mobilization, tyrosine phosphorylation of intracellular proteins and DAG production. Preliminary
	evidence shows protein associations with ZAP-70, p56lck, p59fyn, PC-PLC, etc. CD5 may serve
	as a dual receptor, giving either stimulatory or inhibitory signals depending both on the cell type
	and development stage. In thymocytes and B1a cells it seems to provide inhibitory signals, in
	peripheral mature T lymhocytes it acts as a costimulatory signal receptor. CD5 is the
	phenotypic marker of a B cell subpopulation involved in the production of autoreactive
	antibodies. Disease relevance: CD5 is a phenotypic marker for some B cell lymphoproliferative
	disorders (B-CLL, Hairy cell leukemia, etc.). The CD5+ popuation is expanded in some
	autoimmune disorders (rheumatoid arthritis, etc.). Herpes virus infections induce loss of CD5
	expression in the expanded CD8+ human T cells.,T1, LEU1
Gene ID:	12507
UniProt:	P13379
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Flow cytometry: Recommended dilution: 1-5 µg/mL.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Concentration:	0.5 mg/mL
Buffer:	Stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4, 15 mM sodium azide
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.

Handling

Storage:	4°C
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8°C. Protect from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

Images



Flow Cytometry

Image 1. Surface staining of murine splenocytes with anti-CD5 (53-7.3) PE.