

Datasheet for ABIN5674585

BTN1A1 Protein (AA 27-242) (His tag, AVI tag, Biotin)





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Quantity:	200 μg
Target:	BTN1A1
Protein Characteristics:	AA 27-242
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate: This BTN1A1 protein is labelled with His tag, AVI tag, Biotin.	

Product Details

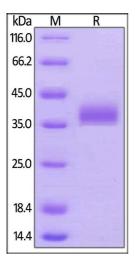
Brand:	PrecisionAvi
Sequence:	AA 27-242
Specificity:	Biotinylation of this product is performed using Avitag™ technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.
Characteristics:	This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus, followed by an Avi tag. The protein has a calculated MW of 27.6 kDa. The protein migrates as 36-40 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.
Purity:	>90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Target Details

Target:	BTN1A1		
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Target Details

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Alternative Name:	BTN1A1 (BTN1A1 Products)	
Background:	Butyrophilin subfamily 1 member A1 (BTN1A1) is also known as BTN, which is a member of th	
	immunoglobulin superfamily and the major protein associated with fat droplets in the milk.	
	BTN1A1 may have a cell surface receptor function. The human butyrophilin gene is localized in	
	the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I region of 6p and may have arisen relatively	
	recently in evolution by the shuffling of exons between 2 ancestral gene families. Furthermore,	
	BTN1A1 regulates the amount of lipids and size of droplets expressed in milk and inhibits the	
	proliferation of CD4 and CD8 T-cells activated by anti-CD3 antibodies, T-cell metabolism and	
	IL2 and IFNG secretion.	
Molecular Weight:	27.6 kDa	
NCBI Accession:	NP_001723	
Pathways:	Activated T Cell Proliferation	
Application Details		
Comment:	Ready-to-use AvitagTM biotinylated protein:	
	The product is exclusively produced using the AvitagTM technology. Briefly, a unique 15 amino	
	acid peptide, the Avi tag, is introduced into the recombinant protein during expression vector	
	construction. The single lysine residue in the Avi tag is enzymatically biotinylated by the E. Coli	
	biotin ligase BirA.	
	This single-point enzymatic labeling technique brings many advantages for commonly used	
	binding assays. The biotinylation happens on the lysine residue of Avi tag, and therefore does	
	NOT interfere with the target protein's natural binding activities. In addition, when immobilized	
	on an avidin-coated surface, the protein orientation is uniform because the position of the Avi	
	tag in the protein is precisely controlled.	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Lyophilized	
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4	
Handling Advice:	Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Storage:	-20 °C	



SDS-PAGE

Image 1. Biotinylated Human BTN1A1, His,Avitag on under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90 %.