

## Datasheet for ABIN5688663

## anti-Retinoic Acid Receptor gamma antibody (N-Term)



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|---------|-----------|
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| Overview             |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Quantity:            | 0.1 mL  |
| Target:              | Retinoic Acid Receptor gamma (RARG)   |
| Binding Specificity: | N-Term  |
| Reactivity:          | Human, Mouse, Dog, Cow  |
| Host:                | Mouse   |
| Clonality:           | Monoclonal  |
| Conjugate:           | This Retinoic Acid Receptor gamma antibody is un-conjugated                                 |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB)   |
| Product Details      |   |
| Immunogen:           | Peptide corresponding to amino acid residues from the N-terminal region of human retinoic   |
|                      | acid receptor, a-isotype.   |
| Clone:               | 763   |
| Isotype:             | lgG1  |
| Purification:        | Protein G purified  |
| Target Details       |   |
| Target:              | Retinoic Acid Receptor gamma (RARG)   |
| Alternative Name:    | Retinoic Acid Receptor (RARG Products)  |
| Background:          | Retinoic acid (RA, active metabolite of vitamin A) plays a prominent role in regulating the |
|                      |   |

transition of proliferating precursor cells (such as carcinoma cells and neuronal precursors) to postmitotic differentiated cells (Joshi et al., 2005). The retinoid X receptors (RXRs) family (RXRalpha, beta and gamma), preferentially bind 9-cis-RA and regulate gene transcription by forming heterodimers with a second family of RA receptors. RAs have been suggested to potentially play a therapeutic role in cervical cancer (Abu et al., 2005). RAs are known to play key roles in neuronal development and an increasing body of evidence indicates that retinoid signaling may regulate synaptic plasticity and associated learning and memory behaviors (Lane and Bailey, 2005).

Molecular Weight: 48 kDa

Gene ID: 5914

UniProt: P10276

Pathways: Nuclear Receptor Transcription Pathway, Retinoic Acid Receptor Signaling Pathway, Steroid

Hormone Mediated Signaling Pathway, Regulation of Cell Size

## **Application Details**

Application Notes: The antibody has been directly tested for reactivity in Western blots in human tissues. It is anticipated that the antibody will also work with bovine, canine and mouse tissues based on the fact that these species have 100 % homology with the amino acid sequence used as antigen.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

| Format:          | Liquid   |
|------------------|--|
| Buffer:          | 100 $\mu$ Lin 10 mM HEPES ( pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu$ g per mL BSA and 50 % glycerol.        |
| Storage:         | -20 °C   |
| Storage Comment: | Retinoic Acid Receptor antibody can be stored at -20°C and is stable at -20°C for at least 1 year. |