

Datasheet for ABIN5688681 anti-Rhinovirus antibody

Validation



Overview

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Quantity:	0.1 mg
Target:	Rhinovirus
Reactivity:	Virus
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	Un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Product Details

Clone:	4966
Isotype:	lgG1
Specificity:	Specific for the VP3 of numerous Rhino types. Does not cross react with Enteroviruses, Influenza A, Influenza B, RSV, Adenovirus, Para 1, Para 2, Para 3, Chlamydia pneumoniae, Rhinovirus pneumoniae & Hepatitis A virus.
Purification:	Rhinovirus Antibody is purified from ascites fluid or culture medium by protein A chromoatography or sequential differential precipitations.

Target Details

Target:	Rhinovirus
Target Type:	Virus

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Application Details	
Application Notes:	Rhinovirus Antibody [4966] can be used at 1:10-1:50 for Western blotting, Immunohistochemistry, and Immunoflorescence. For ELISA use at 1:20-1:200.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Rhinovirus antibody is in a phosphate saline buffer (0.01M, pH 7.2) containing 0.1 % sodium azide preservative. No stabilizing proteins have been added.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Rhinovirus antibody can be stored at -20°C, stable for one year.



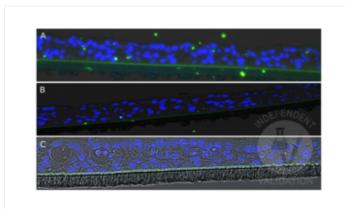
NDEPENDERA	Successfully validated (Immunohistochemistry (IHC))
	by Virology Research Lab, Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine, Faculty of
	Medicine, University of British Columbia
VALUDATION	Report Number: 103804
CUSTOMER VALIDATION	Date: Jun 14 2019
N° DATE 103804 14/06/19	
Target:	Rhinovirus
Lot Number:	22523-1902
Method validated:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC)
Positive Control:	Human rhinovirus 14 infected tisssue (2moi/cell)
Negative Control:	Uninfected tissue
	no primary antibody controls
Notes:	The rhinovirus antibody ABIN5688681 successfully labels the targeted antigen in a 3D
	respiratory tissue model in IHC.
Primary Antibody:	ABIN5688681
Secondary Antibody:	Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L AF488 antibody (Abcam, ab150117)
Protocol:	• Grow EpiAirway 3D tissue model (MatTek) in Normal Human Bronchial Epithelial Cells -
	Growth Medium MatTek, AIR-100-ASY-AFAB) at 37°C and 5% CO ₂ .
	Infect tissue model with HRV-14 (ATCC, VR284) at 2MOI/cell).
	 Incubate for 72h at 34°C and 5% CO₂. Finitizence in 4% buffered formation for 45 min. at 22°C
	 Fix tissue in 4% buffered formalin for 45 min at 23°C. Rinse sections 2x for 2min with PBS.
	 Rinse sections 2x for 2min with PBS. Permeabilized tissues with 0.5% saponin for 15min,rinsed 2X with PBS.
	 Block tissue in PBS containing 5% BSA (R&D Systems, DY995) for 1h at 4°C.
	 Blot excess serum from sections.
	 Incubate tissue with primary mouse anti-rhinovirus antibody (antibody-online, ABIN5688681
	lot 22523-1902)diluted 1:50 in PBS containing 1% BSA and 0.2% tween 20 ON at 4°C.
	Includeno primaryantibody negative controls.
	Rinse tissue 3x with PBS. Keep negative controls in a separate container.
	 Incubate sections with secondary Goat Anti-Mouse IgG H&L AF488 antibody (Abcam,
	ab150117)diluted 1:250x in PBS containing 1% BSA for 1h at 23°C.
	Rinsed sections 3x with PBS.
	 Mount sections in fluoroshield mounting medium with DAPI (Abcam, ab104139).



Experimental Notes:

- ABIN5688681 showed some signals only in an HRV-14 infected human 3D tissue model that had not undergone antigen retrieval. In HRV-14 samples that had been incubated for 15min in citrate buffer pH5.0 at sub-boiling temperatures no rhinovirus was detected. In order to block unspecific binding of the antibody these samples were incubated ON at 4°C in blocking buffer. It is possible that the blocking step was too long, thus preventing the antibody from binding to the antigen.
 - Omitting the antigen retrieval step and reducing the blocking time resulted in a specific signal in the rhinovirus infected samples. However, unspecific background signal was also visible in the uninfected negative controls. It may be possible to reduce the background signal by increasing the incubation during the blocking step.

Image for Validation report #103804



Validation image no. 1 for anti-Rhinovirus antibody (ABIN5688681)

Staining of rhinovirus in a human 3D respiratory tissue model infected with HRV-14 using ABIN5688681 and an AF488-conjugated secondary antibody (A). In comparison, the same tissue model without HRV-14 infection (B) or stained using the secondary antibody only (C). Stained rhinovirus appears as a green signal, DAPI counterstain in blue.