# antibodies -online.com





# anti-MYLK antibody (AA 1441-1709)



## **Images**



Go to Product page

$\sim$					
	1//	Д	r\/	П	۱۸

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	MYLK
Binding Specificity:	AA 1441-1709
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

#### **Product Details**

Brand:	Picoband™
Immunogen:	E. coli-derived human MYLK recombinant protein (Position: D1441-D1709).
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No cross reactivity with other proteins.
Characteristics:	Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for MYLK detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, Direct ELISA in Human, Mouse, Rat.

### **Target Details**

Target:	MYLK
Alternative Name:	MYLK (MYLK Products)
Background:	Synonyms: Myosin light chain kinase, smooth muscle, MLCK, s mMLCK, Kinase-related protein,
	KRP, Telokin, Myosin light chain kinase, smooth muscle, deglutamylated form, MYLK, MLCK,
	MLCK1, MYLK1

Tissue Specificity: Smooth muscle and non-muscle isozymes are expressed in a wide variety of adult and fetal tissues and in cultured endothelium with qualitative expression appearing to be neither tissue- nor development-specific. Non-muscle isoform 2 is the dominant splice variant expressed in various tissues. Telokin has been found in a wide variety of adult and fetal tissues. Accumulates in well differentiated enterocytes of the intestinal epithelium in response to tumor necrosis factor (TNF).

Background: Myosin light chain kinase, smooth muscle also known as kinase-related protein (KRP) or telokin is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the MYLK gene. This gene, a muscle member of the immunoglobulin gene superfamily, encodes myosin light chain kinase which is a calcium/calmodulin dependent enzyme. This kinase phosphorylates myosin regulatory light chains to facilitate myosin interaction with actin filaments to produce contractile activity. This gene encodes both smooth muscle and nonmuscle isoforms. In addition, using a separate promoter in an intron in the 3' region, it encodes telokin, a small protein identical in sequence to the C-terminus of myosin light chain kinase, that is independently expressed in smooth muscle and functions to stabilize unphosphorylated myosin filaments. A pseudogene is located on the p arm of chromosome 3. Four transcript variants that produce four isoforms of the calcium/calmodulin dependent enzyme have been identified as well as two transcripts that produce two isoforms of telokin.

UniProt:

Q15746

#### **Application Details**

**Application Notes:** 

Recommended Detection Systems: Enhanced Chemiluminescent Kit with anti-Rabbit IgG (ABIN921124) for Western blot, and HRP Conjugated anti-Rabbit IgG Super Vision Assay Kit (SV0002-1) for IHC(P).

Application Details: Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/mL

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/mL

Direct ELISA, 0.1-0.5 µg/mL

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

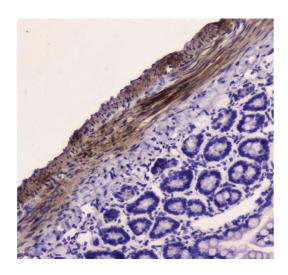
#### Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Add 0.2 mL of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/mL.
Buffer:	Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl, 0.2 mg Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> , 0.05 mg NaN <sub>3</sub> .

#### Handling

Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month.  It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

#### **Images**

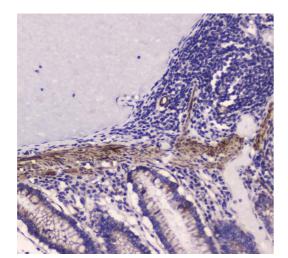


#### **Immunohistochemistry**

Image 1. IHC analysis of MYLK using anti-MYLK antibody. MYLK was detected in paraffin-embedded section of rat small intestine tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1µg/ml rabbit anti-MYLK Antibody overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC)(Catalog #SA1022) with DAB as the chromogen.

#### **Immunohistochemistry**

Image 2. IHC analysis of MYLK using anti-MYLK antibody . MYLK was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human placenta tissue . Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1µg/ml rabbit anti-MYLK Antibody overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC)(Catalog



#SA1022) with DAB as the chromogen.

#### **Immunohistochemistry**

**Image 3.** IHC analysis of MYLK using anti-MYLK antibody . MYLK was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human rectal cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in citrate buffer (pH6, epitope retrieval solution) for 20 mins. The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1 $\mu$ g/ml rabbit anti-MYLK Antibody overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-rabbit IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Strepavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC)(Catalog # SA1022) with DAB as the chromogen.

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 7 images are available for ABIN5693029.