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Datasheet for ABIN578694 HSP27 ELISA Kit



Overview	
Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	HSP27 (HSPB1)
Reactivity:	Pig
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Application:	ELISA
Product Details	
Purpose:	This immunoassay kit allows for the in vitro quantitative determination of Porcine heat shock protein 27,HSP-27. concentrations in serum, tissue homogenates and other biological fluids.
Sample Type:	Serum, Tissue Homogenate
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This assay recognizes recombinant and natural Porcine HSP-27.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	No significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.
Sensitivity:	The sensitivity of this assay, or Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) was defined as the lowest detectable concentration that could be differentiated from zero.
Characteristics:	Sus scrofa,Pig,Heat shock protein beta-1,HspB1,Heat shock 27 kDa protein,HSP 27,HSPB1,HSP27
Components:	Reagent (Quantity): Assay plate (1), Standard (2), Sample Diluent (1 × 20ml), Assay Diluent A (1x10ml), Assay Diluent B (1x10ml), Detection Reagent A (1 × 120µl), Detection Reagent B (1 × 120µl), Wash Buffer (25 x concentrate) (1 × 30ml), Substrate (1x10ml), Stop Solution (1x10ml),

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Product Details

	Plate sealer for 96 wells (5), Instruction (1)
Material not included:	Luminometer. Pipettes and pipette tips. EP tube Deionized or distilled water.
Target Details	

Target:	HSP27 (HSPB1)
Alternative Name:	HSPB1 (HSPB1 Products)
Gene ID:	12799
Pathways:	MAPK Signaling, Regulation of Actin Filament Polymerization, Signaling Events mediated by VEGFR1 and VEGFR2, Negative Regulation of intrinsic apoptotic Signaling, VEGF Signaling

Application Details

Sample Volume:	100 µL
Plate:	Pre-coated
Protocol:	The microtiter plate provided in this kit has been pre-coated with an antibody specific to HSP-
	27. Standards or samples are then added to the appropriate microtiter plate wells with a biotin-
	conjugated polyclonal antibody preparation specific for HSP-27 and Avidin conjugated to
	Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. Then a TMB
	substrate solution is added to each well. Only those wells that contain HSP-27, biotin-
	conjugated antibody and enzyme-conjugated Avidin will exhibit a change in color. The enzyme-
	substrate reaction is terminated by the addition of a sulphuric acid solution and the color
	change is measured spectrophotometrically at a wavelength of 450 nm \pm 2 nm. The
	concentration of HSP-27 in the samples is then determined by comparing the O.D. of the
	samples to the standard curve.
Reagent Preparation:	Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. Wash Buffer - If crystals have formed in the
	concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely
	dissolved. Dilute 20 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to prepare
	500 mL of Wash Buffer. Standard - Reconstitute the Standard with 1.0 mL of Sample Diluent.
	This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 100 ng/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a
	minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making serial dilutions. The undiluted
	standard serves as the high standard (100 ng/mL). The Sample Diluent serves as the zero
	standard (0 ng/mL). Detection Reagent A and B - Dilute to the working concentration specified
	on the vial label using Assay Diluent A and B (1:100), respectively.

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Sample Collection:	Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before
	centrifugation for 15 minutes at approximately 1000 x g. Remove serum and assay
	immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20 °C. Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA or
	heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples for 15 minutes at 1000 x g at 2 - 8 °C within 3
	minutes of collection. Store samples at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Serum and
	plasma samples require a 1000-fold dilution. Note: Citrate plasma has not been validated for
	use in this assay.
Assay Procedure:	Allow all reagents to reach room temperature. Arrange and label required number of strips.
	1. Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as directed in the previous sections.
	2. Add 100 uL of Standard, Control, or sample* per well. Cover with the adhesive strip. Incubate
	for 2 hours at 37 °C.
	3. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash. 3
	4. Add 100 uL of Detection Reagent A to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at 37°C. Detection
	Reagent A may appear cloudy. Warm to room temperature and mix gently until solution
	appears uniform.
	5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of three washes.
	Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (350 uL) using a squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette,
	manifold dispenser or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to goo
	performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or
	decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
	6. Add 100 uL of Detection Reagent B to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip.Incubate for
	1 hours at 37 °C.
	7. Repeat the aspiration/wash as in step
	5. 8. Add 90 uL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room
	temperature. Protect from light.
	9. Add 50 uL of Stop Solution to each well. If color change does not appear uniform, gently tap
	the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
	10. Determine the optical density of each well within 30 minutes, using a microplate reader set
	to 450 nm.
	Important Note:1. The wash procedure is critical. Insufficient washing will result in poor
	precision and falsely elevated absorbance readings.
	2. It is recommended that no more than 32 wells be used for each assay run if manual pipettin
	is used since pipetting of all standards, specimens and controls should be completed within 5
	minutes. A full plate of 96 wells may be used if automated pipetting is available.
	3. Duplication of all standards and specimens, although not required, is recommended.

Application Details	
	 4. When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming. 5. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent. 6. To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary.
Calculation of Results:	Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the HB-beta concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but 4 less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Handling Advice:	 The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or sources. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, further dilute the samples with the Assay Diluent and repeat the assay. Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique,incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding. This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble receptors, ligands, binding proteins, and other factors present in biological samples. Until all factors have been tested in the Immunoassay, the possibility of interference cannot be excluded.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	The Standard, Detection Reagent A, Detection Reagent B and the 96-well strip plate should be stored at -20 °C upon being received. The other reagents can be stored at 4 °C.

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