

# Datasheet for ABIN6135382

# S-Adenosyl-Methionine ELISA Kit



# Overview

| Quantity:                | 96 tests                    |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Target:                  | S-Adenosyl-Methionine (SAM) |
| Reactivity:              | Various Species             |
| Method Type:             | Competition ELISA           |
| Detection Range:         | 12.35 ng/mL - 1000 ng/mL    |
| Minimum Detection Limit: | 12.35 ng/mL                 |
| Application:             | ELISA                       |

# **Product Details**

| Sample Type:       | Cell Culture Supernatant, Cell Lysate, Plasma, Serum, Tissue Homogenate  |
|--------------------|--|
| Analytical Method: | Quantitative   |
| Detection Method:  | Colorimetric   |
| Specificity:       | This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity for detection of Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM).  No significant cross-reactivity or interference between Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) and analogues was observed. |
| Sensitivity:       | 4.99 ng/mL   |
| Grade:             | Small Sample   |
| Components:        | <ul> <li>Pre-coated, ready to use 96-well strip plate</li> <li>Plate sealer for 96 wells</li> <li>Standard Diluent</li> </ul>  |
|                    |  |

- · Assay Diluent A
- · Assay Diluent B
- · Stop Solution
- Standard
- · Detection Reagent A
- Detection Reagent B
- · TMB Substrate
- Wash Buffer (30 x concentrate)
- Instruction manual

#### Material not included:

- · Microplate reader with 450 nm filter.
- · Precision single or multi-channel pipettes and disposable tips.
- · Eppendorf Tubes for diluting samples.
- · Deionized or distilled water.
- · Absorbent paper for blotting the microtiter plate.
- · Container for Wash Solution

# **Target Details**

| Target:           | S-Adenosyl-Methionine (SAM)                |
|-------------------|--|
| Alternative Name: | S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) (SAM Products) |
| Target Type:      | Chemical                                   |

## **Application Details**

## Application Notes:

- Limited by the current condition and scientific technology, we cannot completely conduct the comprehensive identification and analysis on the raw material provided by suppliers. So there might be some qualitative and technical risks to use the kit.
- The final experimental results will be closely related to validity of the products, operation skills of the end users and the experimental environments. Please make sure that sufficient samples are available.
- Kits from different batches may be a little different in detection range, sensitivity and color developing time.
- Do not mix or substitute reagents from one kit lot to another. Use only the reagents supplied by manufacturer.
- Protect all reagents from strong light during storage and incubation. All the bottle caps of reagents should be covered tightly to prevent the evaporation and contamination of microorganism.
- There may be some foggy substance in the wells when the plate is opened at the first time. It
  will not have any effect on the final assay results. Do not remove microtiter plate from the
  storage bag until needed.

- Wrong operations during the reagents preparation and loading, as well as incorrect
  parameter setting for the plate reader may lead to incorrect results. A microplate plate reader
  with a bandwidth of 10nm or less and an optical density range of 0-3 O.D. or greater at 450 ±
  10nm wavelength is acceptable for use in absorbance measurement. Please read the
  instruction carefully and adjust the instrument prior to the experiment.
- Even the same operator might get different results in two separate experiments. In order to get better reproducible results, the operation of every step in the assay should be controlled. Furthermore, a preliminary experiment before assay for each batch is recommended.
- Each kit has been strictly passed Q.C test. However, results from end users might be
  inconsistent with our in-house data due to some unexpected transportation conditions or
  different lab equipments. Intra-assay variance among kits from different batches might arise
  from above factors, too.
- Kits from different manufacturers for the same item might produce different results, since we have not compared our products with other manufacturers.

Assay Time:

3 h

Plate:

Pre-coated

Protocol:

This assay employs the competitive inhibition enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific to Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) has been pre-coated onto a microplate. A competitive inhibition reaction is launched between biotin labeled Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) and unlabeled Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) (Standards or samples) with the pre-coated antibody specific to Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM). After incubation the unbound conjugate is washed off. Next, avidin conjugated to Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to each microplate well and incubated. The amount of bound HRP conjugate is reverse proportional to the concentration of Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) in the sample. After addition of the substrate solution, the intensity of color developed is reverse proportional to the concentration of Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) in the sample.

## Reagent Preparation:

- 1. Bring all kit components and samples to room temperature (18-25 °C) before use. If the kit will not be used up in one time, please only take out strips and reagents for present experiment, and leave the remaining strips and reagents in required condition.
- 2. Standard Reconstitute the Standard with 0.5 mL of Standard Diluent, keep for 10 minutes at room temperature, shake gently (not to foam). The concentration of the standard in the stock solution is 1.000ng/mL. Prepare 5 tubes containing 0.6 mL Standard Diluent and produce a triple dilution series by transferring 300 μL each. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Set up 5 points of diluted standard such as 1,000ng/mL, 333.33ng/mL, 111.11ng/mL, 37.04ng/mL, 12.35ng/mL, and the last microcentrifuge tube with Standard Diluent is the blank as 0ng/mL.
- 3. Detection Reagent A and Detection Reagent B If lyophilized reconstitute the Detection

Reagent A with 150µL of Reagent Diluent, keep for 10 minutes at room temperature, shake gently (not to foam). Briefly spin or centrifuge the stock Detection A and Detection B before use. Dilute them to the working concentration 100-fold with Assay Diluent A and B, respectively.

- 4. Wash Solution Dilute 10 mL of Wash Solution concentrate (30x) with 290 mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 300 mL of Wash Solution (1x).
- 5. TMB substrate Aspirate the needed dosage of the solution with sterilized tips and do not dump the residual solution into the vial again.

#### Note:

- 1. Making serial dilution in the wells directly is not permitted.
- 2. Prepare standard within 15 minutes before assay. Please do not dissolve the reagents at 37 °C directly.
- 3. Please carefully reconstitute Standards or working Detection Reagent A and B according to the instruction, and avoid foaming and mix gently until the crystals are completely dissolved. To minimize imprecision caused by pipetting, use small volumes and ensure that pipettors are calibrated. It is recommended to suck more than 10µL for once pipetting.
- 4. The reconstituted Standards, Detection Reagent A and Detection Reagent B can be used only once
- 5. Prepare Substrate working Solution within 15 minutes before assay.
- 6. If crystals have formed in the Wash Solution concentrate (30x), warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals are completely dissolved.
- 7. Contaminated water or container for reagent preparation will influence the detection result.

### Assay Precision:

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): 3 samples with low, middle and high level Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) were tested 20 times on one plate, respectively. Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): 3 samples with low, middle and high level Mini Samples S-Adenosyl Methionine (SAM) were tested on 3 different plates, 8 replicates in each plate.

CV(%) = SD/meanX100

Intra-Assay: CV<10%

Inter-Assay: CV<12%

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

## Handling

| Precaution of Use: | The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material.                              |
|--------------------|---|
| Handling Advice:   | The stability of kit is determined by the loss rate of activity. The loss rate of this kit is less than 5 % within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition. |

## Handling

To minimize extra influence on the performance, operation procedures and lab conditions, especially room temperature, air humidity, incubator temperature should be strictly controlled. It is also strongly suggested that the whole assay is performed by the same operator from the beginning to the end.

## Storage:

4°C

### Storage Comment:

- For unopened kit: All the reagents should be kept according to the labels on vials. The Standard, Detection Reagent A, Detection Reagent B and the 96-well strip plate should be stored at -20°C upon receipt while the others should be at 4°C.
- For opened kit: When the kit is opened, the remaining reagents still need to be stored
  according to the above storage condition. Besides, please return the unused wells to the foil
  pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal along entire edge of zip-seal.
   Note: It is highly recommended to use the remaining reagents within 1 month provided this is
  within the expiration date of the kit.
- For ELISA kit, 1 day storage at 37°C can be considered as 2 months at 4°C, which means 3 days at 37°C equaling 6 months at 4°C.

Expiry Date:

6 months