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anti-Diazepam Binding Inhibitor antibody (AA 1-114)



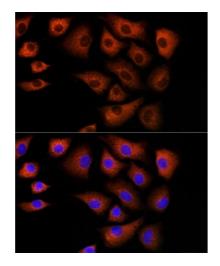


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Overview		
Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	Diazepam Binding Inhibitor (DBI)	
Binding Specificity:	AA 1-114	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This Diazepam Binding Inhibitor antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF)	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 1-114 of human DBI (NP_001171513.1).	
Sequence:	MWGDLWLLPP ASANPGTGTE AEFEKAAEEV RHLKTKPSDE EMLFIYGHYK QATVGDINTE RPGMLDFTGK AKWDAWNELK GTSKEDAMKA YINKVEELKK KYGI	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Characteristics:	Polyclonal Antibodies	
Purification:	Affinity purification	

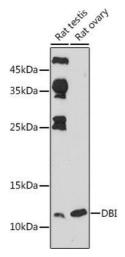
Target Details

Target:	Diazepam Binding Inhibitor (DBI)			
Alternative Name:	DBI (DBI Products)			
Background:	This gene encodes diazepam binding inhibitor, a protein that is regulated by hormones and is			
	involved in lipid metabolism and the displacement of beta-carbolines and benzodiazepines,			
	which modulate signal transduction at type A gamma-aminobutyric acid receptors located in			
	brain synapses. The protein is conserved from yeast to mammals, with the most highly			
	conserved domain consisting of seven contiguous residues that constitute the hydrophobic			
	binding site for medium- and long-chain acyl-Coenzyme A esters. Diazepam binding inhibitor is			
	also known to mediate the feedback regulation of pancreatic secretion and the postprandial			
	release of cholecystokinin, in addition to its role as a mediator in corticotropin-dependent			
	adrenal steroidogenesis. Three pseudogenes located on chromosomes 6, 8 and 16 have been			
	identified. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this			
	gene.,DBI,ACBD1,ACBP,CCK-RP,EP,Endocrine & Metabolism,Endocrine and metabolic			
	diseases,Obesity,Neuroscience,Neurodegenerative Diseases,Amyloid Plaque and Neurofibrillary			
	Tangle Formation in Alzheimer's Disease,DBI			
Molecular Weight:	10 kDa/11 kDa/13 kDa/14 kDa/16 kDa			
Gene ID:	1622			
UniProt:	P07108			
Application Details				
Application Notes:	WB,1:500 - 1:2000,IHC,1:50 - 1:200,IF,1:50 - 1:200			
Restrictions:	For Research Use only			
Handling				
Format:	Liquid			
Buffer:	PBS with 0.02 % sodium azide,50 % glycerol, pH 7.3.			
Preservative:	Sodium azide			
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.			
Storage:	-20 °C			
	Store at 20°C. Avoid fragge / those evalue			
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.			



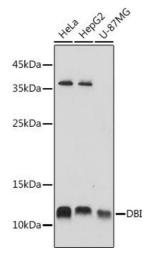
Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3 cells using DBI Rabbit pAb (ABIN6127407, ABIN6139420, ABIN6139422 and ABIN6217234) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using DBI antibody (ABIN6127407, ABIN6139420, ABIN6139422 and ABIN6217234) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (ABIN1684268 and ABIN3020597) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 μg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3 % nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 180s.



Western Blotting

Image 3. Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using DBI antibody (ABIN6127407, ABIN6139420, ABIN6139422 and ABIN6217234) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (ABIN1684268 and ABIN3020597) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 μg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3 % nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 1s.

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 7 images are available for ABIN6139420.