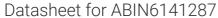
antibodies - online.com







anti-GP1BB antibody (AA 27-147)



Image



Overview

| Quantity: | 100 μL |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Target: | GP1BB |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 27-147 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This GP1BB antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 27-147 of human GP1BB (NP_000398.1). |
|-------------------|---|
| Sequence: | PAPCSCAGTL VDCGRRGLTW ASLPTAFPVD TTELVLTGNN LTALPPGLLD ALPALRTAHL GANPWRCDCR LVPLRAWLAG RPERAPYRDL RCVAPPALRG RLLPYLAEDE LRAACAPGPL C |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Characteristics: | Polyclonal Antibodies |
| Purification: | Affinity purification |

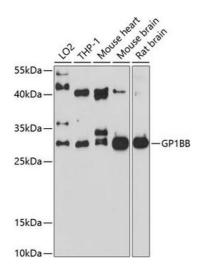
Target Details

| Target: | GP1BB |
|---------------------|---|
| Alternative Name: | GP1BB (GP1BB Products) |
| Background: | Platelet glycoprotein Ib (GPIb) is a heterodimeric transmembrane protein consisting of a disulfide-linked 140 kD alpha chain and 22 kD beta chain. It is part of the GPIb-V-IX system that constitutes the receptor for von Willebrand factor (VWF), and mediates platelet adhesion in the arterial circulation. GPIb alpha chain provides the VWF binding site, and GPIb beta contributes to surface expression of the receptor and participates in transmembrane signaling through phosphorylation of its intracellular domain. Mutations in the GPIb beta subunit have been associated with Bernard-Soulier syndrome, velocardiofacial syndrome and giant platelet disorder. The 206 amino acid precursor of GPIb beta is synthesized from a 1.0 kb mRNA expressed in plateletes and megakaryocytes. A 411 amino acid protein arising from a longer, unspliced transcript in endothelial cells has been described, however, the authenticity of this product has been questioned. Yet another less abundant GPIb beta mRNA species of 3.5 kb, expressed in nonhematopoietic tissues such as endothelium, brain and heart, was shown to result from inefficient usage of a non-consensus polyA signal in the neighboring upstream gene (SEPT5, septin 5). In the absence of polyadenylation from its own imperfect site, the SEPT5 gene produces read-through transcripts that use the consensus polyA signal of this gene.,GP1BB,BDPLT1,BS,CD42C,GPIBB,GPIbbeta,Immunology & Inflammation,CD markers,GP1BB |
| Molecular Weight: | 21 kDa/43 kDa |
| Gene ID: | 2812 |
| UniProt: | P13224 |
| Application Details | |
| Application Notes: | WB,1:200 - 1:1000 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
| Handling | |
| Format: | Liquid |
| Buffer: | PBS with 0.02 % sodium azide,50 % glycerol, pH 7.3. |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which |
| | |

Handling

| | should be handled by trained staff only. |
|------------------|---|
| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. |

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using GP1BB antibody (ABIN6132055, ABIN6141287, ABIN6141288 and ABIN6214244) at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (ABIN1684268 and ABIN3020597) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 μg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3 % nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 90s.