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Datasheet for ABIN6142131
anti-ICOSLG antibody (AA 19-256)

3 Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	ICOSLG
Binding Specificity:	AA 19-256
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ICOSLG antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 19-256 of human ICOSL (NP_056074.1).
Sequence:	DTQEKEVRAM VGSDVELSCA CPEGSRFDLN DVYVYWQTSE SKTVVTYHIP QNSSLENVDS RYRNRALMSP AGMLRGDFSL RLFNVTPQDE QKFHCLVLSQ SLGFQEVLSV EVTLHVAANF SVPVVSAPHS PSQDELTFTC TSINGYPRPN VYWINKTDNS LLDQALQNDT VFLNMRGLYD VVSVLRIART PSVNIGCCIE NVLLQQNLTV GSQTGNDIGE RDKITENPVS TGEKNAAT
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Characteristics:	Polyclonal Antibodies
Purification:	Affinity purification

Target Details

Target: ICOSLG

Alternative Name: ICOSLG ([ICOSLG Products](#))

Background: Inducible co-stimulator ligand (ICOSL), also known as B7-H2, is a member of the B7 family of co-stimulatory molecules related to B7-1 and B7-2. It is a transmembrane glycoprotein with extracellular IgV and IgC domains, and binds to ICOS on activated T cells, thus delivers a positive costimulatory signal for optimal T cell function. The structural features of ICOSL are crucial for its costimulatory function. Present study shows that ICOSL displays a marked oligomerization potential, resembling more like B7-1 than B7-2. B7-H2-dependent signaling may play an active role in a proliferative response rather than in cytokine and chemokine production. The CD28/B7 and ICOS/B7-H2 pathways are both critical for costimulating T cell immune responses. Deficiency in either pathway results in defective T cell activation, cytokine production and germinal center formation.,ICOSLG,B7-H2,B7H2,B7RP-1,B7RP1,CD275,GL50,ICOS-L,ICOSL,LICOS,Immunology & Inflammation,CD markers,ICOSLG

Molecular Weight: 20 kDa/33 kDa/34 kDa

Gene ID: 23308

UniProt: [O75144](#)

Pathways: [Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response, Activated T Cell Proliferation](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: WB,1:500 - 1:2000,IHC,1:50 - 1:200

Comment: HIGH QUALITY

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: PBS with 0.02 % sodium azide,50 % glycerol, pH 7.3.

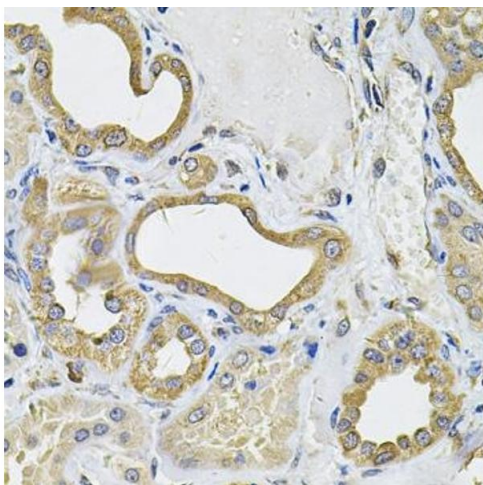
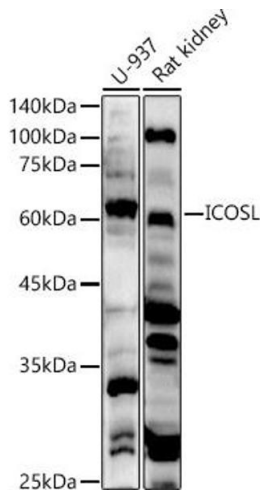
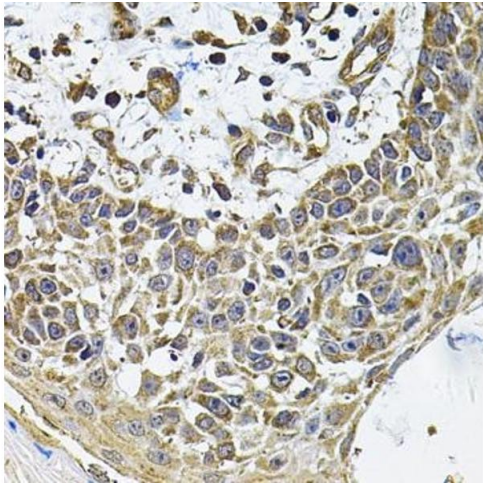
Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human skin carcinoma using ICOSL Antibody (ABIN6130065, ABIN6142131, ABIN6142132 and ABIN6222879) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform microwave antigen retrieval with 10 mM PBS buffer pH 7.2 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines, using ICOSL antibody (ABIN6130065, ABIN6142131, ABIN6142132 and ABIN6222879) at 1:500 dilution. Secondary antibody: HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (ABIN1684268 and ABIN3020597) at 1:10000 dilution. Lysates/proteins: 25 µg per lane. Blocking buffer: 3 % nonfat dry milk in TBST. Detection: ECL Basic Kit (RM00020). Exposure time: 90s.

Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human kidney using ICOSL Antibody (ABIN6130065, ABIN6142131, ABIN6142132 and ABIN6222879) at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform microwave antigen retrieval with 10 mM PBS buffer pH 7.2 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.