

Datasheet for ABIN6164586

anti-p53 antibody

2 Images



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Overview

Quantity:	50 μL
Target:	p53 (TP53)
Reactivity:	Human, Monkey, Dog, Hamster, Chicken
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This p53 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed Sections) (IHC (f))

Product Details

Purpose:	Mouse Monoclonal anti-p53 (BP53-12), Purified, BSA-free
Immunogen:	Recombinant human wild-type p53 protein
Clone:	BP53-12
Isotype:	lgG2a
Characteristics:	This MAb reacts with an N-terminal epitope (aa 16-25) of both wild type and mutated p53.
	Mutation and/or allelic loss of p53 is one of the causes of a variety of mesenchymal and
	epithelial tumors. If it occurs in the germ line, such tumors run in families. In most transformed
	and tumor cells the concentration of p53 is increased 51000 fold over the minute
	concentrations (1000 Molecules cell) in normal cells, principally due to the increased half-life (4
	h) compared to that of the wild-type (20 min). p53 Localizes in the nucleus, but is detectable at
	the plasma membrane during mitosis and when certain mutations modulate

cytoplasmic/nuclear distribution. Mutations arise with an average frequency of 70 % but incidence varies from zero in carcinoid lung tumors to 97 % in primary melanomas. High concentrations of p53 protein are transiently expressed in human epidermis and superficial dermal fibroblasts following mild ultraviolet irradiation. Positive nuclear staining with p53 antibody has been reported to be a negative prognostic factor in breast carcinoma, lung carcinoma, colorectal, and urothelial carcinoma. Anti-p53 positivity has also been used to differentiate uterine serous carcinoma from endometrioid carcinoma as well as to detect intratubular germ cell neoplasia. Primary antibodies are available purified, or with a selection of fluorescent CF® dyes and other labels. CF® dyes offer exceptional brightness and photostability. Note: Conjugates of blue fluorescent dyes like CF®405S and CF®405M are not recommended for detecting low abundance targets, because blue dyes have lower fluorescence and can give higher non-specific background than other dye colors.

Purification:

Purified

Target Details

Target:	p53 (TP53)
Alternative Name:	p53 (TP53 Products)
Background:	Antigen NY-CO-13, BCC7, Cellular Tumor Antigen p53, LFS1, TP53, Transformation Related Protein 53 (TRP53), Tumor Protein p53, Tumor Suppressor p53
Molecular Weight:	53 kDa
Gene ID:	7157, 654481
UniProt:	P04637
Pathways:	p53 Signaling, MAPK Signaling, PI3K-Akt Signaling, Apoptosis, AMPK Signaling, Chromatin

Application Details

Application Notes:

Does not react with mouse or rat, others not known

- Immunohistology formalin-fixed 0.5-1 μg/mL
- Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires boiling tissue sections in 10 mM citrate buffer, pH
 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes
- Flow Cytometry 0.5-1 μg/million cells/0.1 mL
- Immunofluorescence 1-2 μg/mL

Application Details

- Western blotting 0.5-1 μg/mL
- · Optimal dilution for a specific application should be determined by user

Comment: MDA-MB-231 Cells. Breast or Colon carcinoma

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format:

Concentration:

1 mg/mL

Buffer:

PBS (no BSA, no azide)

Preservative: Azide free

Images

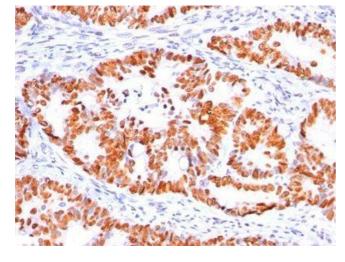


Image 1.

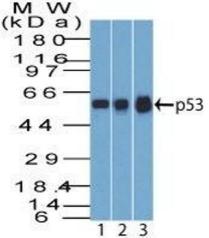


Image 2.