

Datasheet for ABIN6239792

IL-6 Protein (AA 30-212) (His tag)



[Go to Product page](#)

3 Images

Overview

Quantity:	50 µg
Target:	IL-6 (IL6)
Protein Characteristics:	AA 30-212
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This IL-6 protein is labelled with His tag.
Application:	Cell Culture (CC), Activity Assay (AcA)

Product Details

Characteristics:	Tag location: N-terminal His Tag
Purity:	> 97 %
Biological Activity Comment:	Interleukin 6 (IL-6) is an interleukin that acts as both a pro-inflammatory cytokine and an anti-inflammatory myokine. Current data suggest that direct application of IL-6 on breast cancer cells inhibits proliferation in ER-positive (estrogen- receptor- positive) cells through the Jak/Stat3 pathway. To test the inhibitory effect of IL-6 on proliferation of ER-positive MCF-7 cell line, cells were seeded into triplicate wells of 96-well plates at a density of 5,000 cells/well and allowed to attach overnight, then the medium was replaced with serum-free standard DMEM prior to the addition of various concentrations of IL-6. After incubated for 96h, cells were observed by inverted microscope and cell proliferation was measured by Cell Counting Kit-8 (CCK-8). Briefly, 10µL of CCK-8 solution was added to each well of the plate, then measure the absorbance at 450nm using a microplate reader after incubating the plate for 1-4 hours at

Product Details

37oC. The inhibitory effect of IL-6 on cell proliferation of MCF-7 cells observed by inverted microscope and detected by CCK-8 was shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 respectively (Dose-dependent effect was not detected in this case).

Target Details

Target:	IL-6 (IL6)
Abstract:	IL6 Products
Background:	Alternative Names: MGI2-A, MGI2A, HGF, BSF2, HSF, IFNB2, B-Cell Stimulatory Factor-2, Hybridoma/Plasmacytoma Growth Factor, Hepatocyte Stimulating Factor, Cytotoxic T-Cell Differentiation Factor
Molecular Weight:	22/24kDa
UniProt:	Q90YI0
Pathways:	TLR Signaling , Hormone Transport , Negative Regulation of Hormone Secretion , Myometrial Relaxation and Contraction , Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process , Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response , Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process , Autophagy , Cell RedoxHomeostasis , Cancer Immune Checkpoints , Inflammasome

Application Details

Application Notes:	Isoelectric Point: 6.2
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Buffer:	20 mM Tris, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0, containing 1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.01 % SKL, 5 % Trehalose and Proclin300.
Preservative:	Dithiothreitol (DTT), Other preservative, ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin and Dithiothreitol (DTT): POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES which should be handled by trained staff only.

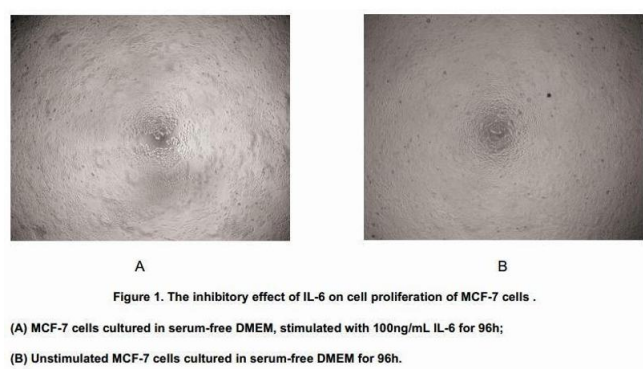


Image 1.

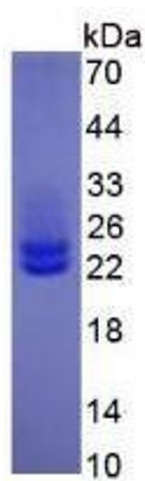


Image 2.

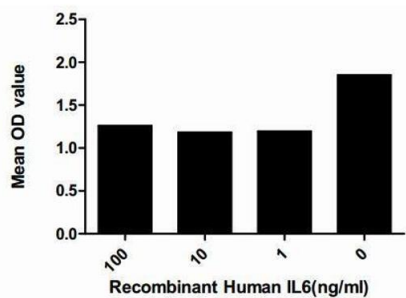


Figure 2. The inhibitory effect of IL-6 on cell proliferation of MCF-7 cells detected by CCK8.

Image 3. Interleukin 6 (IL-6) is an interleukin that acts as both a pro-inflammatory cytokine and an anti-inflammatory myokine. Current data suggest that direct application of IL-6 on breast cancer cells inhibits proliferation in ER-positive (estrogen- receptor- positive) cells through the Jak/Stat3 pathway. To test the inhibitory effect of IL-6 on proliferation of ER-positive MCF-7 cell line, cells were seeded into triplicate wells of 96-well plates at a density of 5,000 cells/well and allowed to attach overnight, then the medium was replaced with serum-free standard DMEM prior to the addition of various concentrations of IL-6. After incubated for 96h, cells were observed by inverted microscope and cell proliferation was measured by Cell Counting Kit-8 (CCK-8). Briefly, 10μL of CCK-8 solution was added to each well of

the plate, then measure the absorbance at 450nm using a microplate reader after incubating the plate for 1-4 hours at 37°C.

The inhibitory effect of IL-6 on cell proliferation of MCF-7 cells observed by inverted microscope and detected by CCK-8 was shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 respectively (Dose-dependent effect was not detected in this case).