



Datasheet for ABIN624995  
**Interferon gamma ELISA Kit**



[Go to Product page](#)

1 Image

37 Publications

### Overview

Quantity:	96 tests
Target:	Interferon gamma (IFNG)
Reactivity:	Human
Method Type:	Sandwich ELISA
Detection Range:	15-15000 pg/mL
Minimum Detection Limit:	15 pg/mL
Application:	ELISA

### Product Details

Purpose:	Human IFN-gamma ELISA Kit for cell culture supernatants, plasma, and serum samples.
Sample Type:	Plasma, Cell Culture Supernatant, Serum
Analytical Method:	Quantitative
Detection Method:	Colorimetric
Specificity:	This ELISA kit shows no cross-reactivity with any of the cytokines tested: Human Angiogenin, BDNF, BLC, ENA-78, FGF-4, IL-1 alpha, IL-1 beta, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12 p70, IL-12 p40, IL-13, IL-15, I-309, IP-10, G-CSF, GM-CSF, MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MDC, MIP-1 alpha, MIP-1 beta, MIP-1 delta, PARC, PDGF, RANTES, SCF, TARC, TGF-beta, TIMP-1, TIMP-2, TNF-alpha, TNF-beta, TPO, VEGF.
Sensitivity:	< 15 pg/mL
Characteristics:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Strip plates and additional reagents allow for use in multiple experiments</li></ul>

## Product Details

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- Quantitative protein detection
- Establishes normal range
- The best products for confirmation of antibody array data

- Components:
- Pre-Coated 96-well Strip Microplate
  - Wash Buffer
  - Stop Solution
  - Assay Diluent(s)
  - Lyophilized Standard
  - Biotinylated Detection Antibody
  - Streptavidin-Conjugated HRP
  - TMB One-Step Substrate

- Material not included:
- Distilled or deionized water
  - Precision pipettes to deliver 2  $\mu$ L to 1  $\mu$ L volumes
  - Adjustable 1-25  $\mu$ L pipettes for reagent preparation
  - 100  $\mu$ L and 1 liter graduated cylinders
  - Tubes to prepare standard and sample dilutions
  - Absorbent paper
  - Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450nm
  - Log-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis

## Target Details

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Target: Interferon gamma (IFNG)

Alternative Name: IFN-gamma ([IFNG Products](#))

Background: IFN-gamma is produced mainly by T-cells and natural killer cells activated by antigens, mitogens, or alloantigens. It is produced by lymphocytes expressing the surface antigens CD4 and CD8. IFN-gamma is a dimeric protein with subunits of 146 amino acids. The protein is glycosylated at two sites. The pI is 8.3-8.5. IFN-gamma inhibits the growth of B-cells induced by IL-4. IFN-gamma inhibits the proliferation of smooth muscle cells of the arterial intima in vitro and in vivo and therefore probably functions as an endogenous inhibitor for vascular overreactions such as stenosis following injuries of arteries. The Human IFN-gamma ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of human IFN-gamma in serum, plasma, cell culture supernatants and urine. This assay employs an antibody specific for human IFN-gamma coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and IFN-gamma present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-human IFN-gamma antibody is added. After washing away unbound

## Target Details

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biotinylated antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of IFN-gamma bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm. Reproducibility: Intra-Assay: CV<10% Inter-Assay: CV<12%.

Gene ID: 3458

UniProt: [P01579](#)

Pathways: [Interferon-gamma Pathway](#), [Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin](#), [Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity](#), [Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process](#), [Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response](#), [ER-Nucleus Signaling](#), [Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process](#), [Protein targeting to Nucleus](#), [Autophagy](#)

## Application Details

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Application Notes: Recommended Dilution for serum and plasma samples 2 fold

Sample Volume: 100 µL

Plate: Pre-coated

Protocol:

1. Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed in the manual.
2. Add 100 µL of standard or sample to each well.
3. Incubate 2.5 h at RT or O/N at 4 °C.
4. Add 100 µL of prepared biotin antibody to each well.
5. Incubate 1 h at RT.
6. Add 100 µL of prepared Streptavidin solution to each well.
7. Incubate 45 min at RT.
8. Add 100 µL of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well.
9. Incubate 30 min at RT.
10. Add 50 µL of Stop Solution to each well.
11. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Reagent Preparation:

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25 °C) before use.
2. Sample dilution: If your samples need to be diluted, Assay Diluent A (Item D) should be used for dilution of serum/plasma samples. 1x Assay Diluent B (Item E) should be used for dilution of culture supernatants and urine. Suggested dilution for normal serum/plasma: 2 fold\*. \*Please note that levels of the target protein may vary between different specimens. Optimal dilution factors for each sample must be determined by the investigator.
3. Assay Diluent B should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water.

4. Preparation of standard: Briefly spin the vial of Item C and then add 400  $\mu$ L Assay Diluent A (for serum/plasma samples) or 1x Assay Diluent B (for cell culture medium and urine) into Item C vial to prepare a 50 ng/mL standard. Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix. Add 180  $\mu$ L IFN-gamma standard from the vial of Item C, into a tube with 420  $\mu$ L Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a 15,000 pg/mL stock standard solution. Pipette 400  $\mu$ L Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B into each tube. Use the stock standard solution to produce a dilution series. Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. Assay Diluent A or 1x Assay Diluent B serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).  
200  $\mu$ L 200  $\mu$ L 200  $\mu$ L 200  $\mu$ L 200  $\mu$ L 180  $\mu$ L  
standard + 420  $\mu$ L 200myl 15,000 5000 1666.7 555.6 185.2 61.7 20.6 0 pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL pg/mL
5. If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
6. Briefly spin the Detection Antibody vial (Item F) before use. Add 100  $\mu$ L of 1x Assay Diluent B into the vial to prepare a detection antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4 °C for 5 days). The detection antibody concentrate should be diluted 80-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B and used in step 4 of Part VI Assay Procedure.
7. Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin concentrate vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently before use. HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 400-fold with 1x Assay Diluent B. For example: Briefly spin the vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 30  $\mu$ L of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 12 ml 1x Assay Diluent B to prepare a final 400 fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix well.

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### Assay Procedure:

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 - 25 °C) before use. It is recommended that all standards and samples be run at least in duplicate.
  2. Add 100  $\mu$ L of each standard (see Reagent Preparation step 2) and sample into appropriate wells. Cover well and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or over night at 4 °C with gentle shaking.
  3. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 myl) using a multi-channel Pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
  4. Add 100  $\mu$ L of 1x prepared biotinylated antibody (Reagent Preparation step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with gentle shaking.
  5. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step
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## Application Details

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6. Add 100 µL of prepared Streptavidin solution (see Reagent Preparation step 7) to each well. Incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
7. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step
8. Add 100 µL of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with gentle shaking.
9. Add 50 µL of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

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### Calculation of Results:

Calculate the mean absorbance for each set of duplicate standards, controls and samples, and subtract the average zero standard optical density. Plot the standard curve on log-log graph paper or using Sigma plot software, with standard concentration on the x-axis and absorbance on the y-axis. Draw the best-fit straight line through the standard points.

Typical Data: These standard curves are for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay. Assay Diluent A IFN-gamma concentration (pg/mL) O D =4 50 n m 0.01 0.1 1 10 10 100 1,000 10,000 100,000 Assay Diluent B IFN-gamma concentration (pg/mL) O D =4 50 n m 0.01 0.1 1 10 10 100 1,000 10,000 100,000

Sensitivity: The minimum detectable dose of IFN-gamma is typically less than 15 pg/mL.

Recovery: Recovery was determined by spiking various levels of human IFN-gamma into human serum, plasma and cell culture media. Mean recoveries are as follows: Sample Type Average % Recovery Range ( %) Serum 88.65 82-103 Plasma 86.82 81-102 Cell culture media 94.53 84-104

Linearity: Sample Type Serum Plasma Cell Culture Media 1:2 Average % of Expected 94 96 97 Range ( %) 80-99 82-102 83-103 1:4 Average % of Expected 95 97 95 Range ( %) 82-102 83-103 82-103

Reproducibility: Intra-Assay: CV<10 % Inter-Assay: CV<12 %

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### Assay Precision:

Intra-Assay: CV< 10 % Inter-Assay: CV< 12 %

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### Restrictions:

For Research Use only

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## Handling

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### Handling Advice:

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

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### Storage:

-20 °C

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### Storage Comment:

The entire kit may be stored at -20°C for up to 1 year from the date of shipment. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. The kit may be stored at 4°C for up to 6 months. For extended storage, it is recommended to store at -80°C.

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### Expiry Date:

6 months

## Publications

Product cited in:

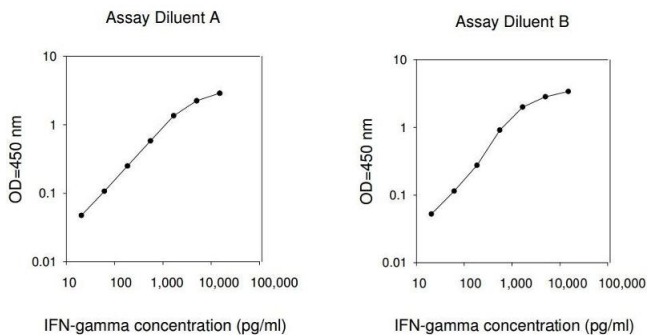
Mishra, Kovalska, Janda, Vannucci, Rajmon, Horak: "Tumor Progression Is Associated with Increasing CD11b+ Cells and CCL2 in Lewis Rat Sarcoma." in: **Anticancer research**, Vol. 35, Issue 2, pp. 703-11, (2015) ([PubMed](#)).

Driesen, Nagaraju, Abi-Char, Coenen, Lijnen, Fagard, Sipido, Petrov: "Reversible and irreversible differentiation of cardiac fibroblasts." in: **Cardiovascular research**, Vol. 101, Issue 3, pp. 411-22, (2014) ([PubMed](#)).

Deuse, Hua, Taylor, Stubbendorff, Baluom, Chen, Park, Velden, Streichert, Reichenspurner, Robbins, Schrepfer: "Significant reduction of acute cardiac allograft rejection by selective janus kinase-1/3 inhibition using R507 and R545." in: **Transplantation**, Vol. 94, Issue 7, pp. 695-702, (2012) ([PubMed](#)).

There are more publications referencing this product on: [Product page](#)

## Images



### ELISA

#### Image 1.