

# Datasheet for ABIN6253196

# Mesothelin Protein (MSLN) (AA 296-580) (Fc Tag,AVI tag,Biotin)



Go to Product pag

# 2 Images

Overview	
Quantity:	200 μg
Target:	Mesothelin (MSLN)
Protein Characteristics:	AA 296-580
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This Mesothelin protein is labelled with Fc Tag,AVI tag,Biotin.

#### **Product Details**

Sequence:	AA 296-580
Specificity:	Biotinylation of this product is performed using Avitag™ technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.
Purity:	>95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 1.0 EU per μg by the LAL method.

# Target Details

Target:	Mesothelin (MSLN)
Alternative Name:	Mesothelin (MSLN Products)
Background:	Mesothelin (MSLN) is also known as CAK1 antigen, Pre-pro-megakaryocyte-potentiating factor, which belongs to the mesothelin family. Mesothelin / MSLN can be proteolytically cleaved into
	the following two chains by a furin-like convertase: Megakaryocyte-potentiating factor (MPF)

# Target Details

and the cleaved form of mesothelin. Both MPF and the cleaved form of mesothelin are N-glycosylated. Mesothelin / MSLN can interacts with MUC16. The membrane-anchored forms of MSLN may play a role in cellular adhesion. MPF potentiates megakaryocyte colony formation in vitro.

Molecular Weight:

60.4 kDa

Pathways:

EGFR Signaling Pathway, Positive Regulation of Peptide Hormone Secretion, Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling Pathway, Steroid Hormone Mediated Signaling Pathway, Carbohydrate Homeostasis, cAMP Metabolic Process, Regulation of G-Protein Coupled Receptor Protein Signaling, Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity, Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process

# **Application Details**

#### Comment:

Ready-to-use AvitagTM biotinylated protein:

The product is exclusively produced using the AvitagTM technology. Briefly, a unique 15 amino acid peptide, the Avi tag, is introduced into the recombinant protein during expression vector construction. The single lysine residue in the Avi tag is enzymatically biotinylated by the E. Coli biotin ligase BirA.

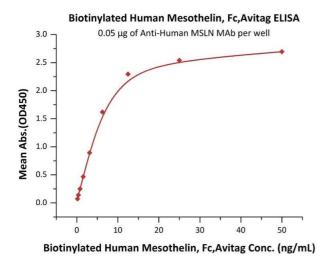
This single-point enzymatic labeling technique brings many advantages for commonly used binding assays. The biotinylation happens on the lysine residue of Avi tag, and therefore does NOT interfere with the target protein's natural binding activities. In addition, when immobilized on an avidin-coated surface, the protein orientation is uniform because the position of the Avi tag in the protein is precisely controlled.

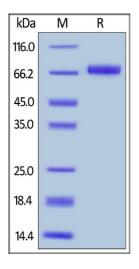
Restrictions:

For Research Use only

### Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4
Handling Advice:	Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-20 °C





#### **ELISA**

**Image 1.** Immobilized A MSLN MAb at  $0.5\,\mu\text{g/mL}$  (100  $\mu$  L/well) can bind Biotinylated Human Mesothelin, Fc,Avitag (ABIN6253196,ABIN6253577) with a linear range of 0.2-6 ng/mL (QC tested).

#### **SDS-PAGE**

**Image 2.** Biotinylated Human Mesothelin, Fc,Avitag on under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than  $95\,\%$ .