

## Datasheet for ABIN6253248

## IL-2 Protein (AA 21-153, C145S) (His tag)



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Quantity:	10 μg
Target:	IL-2 (IL2)
Protein Characteristics:	AA 21-153, C145S
Origin:	Human, Mouse
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This IL-2 protein is labelled with His tag.

## **Product Details**

Purpose:	IL-2 (C145S Mutant) (human) (rec.) (His)	
Specificity:	Human IL-2 (aa 21-153) (mutation C145S) is fused at the C-terminus to a His-tag.	
Characteristics:	Protein. Human IL-2 (aa 21-153) (mutation C145S) is fused at the C-terminus to a His-tag.	
	Source: HEK 293 cells. Endotoxin content: <0.01EU/µg protein (LAL test, Lonza). Lyophilized	
	from 0.2µm-filtered solution in PBS. Purity: >95 % (SDS-PAGE). Interleukin-2 (IL-2) is a 133	
	amino acid glycoprotein with one intramolecular disulfide bond and variable glycosylation. It is	
	secreted by activated T cells and induces proliferation and maturation of activated T cells,	
	natural killer cells, and lymphokine activated killer cells. IL-2 also stimulates proliferation of	
	antibody-producing B cells, activates neutrophils, and induces mononuclear cells to secrete	
	IFN-gamma and TNF-alpha and -beta. Moreover, studies have shown that IL-2 is required for	
	activation-induced apoptosis, an important hemeostatic mechanism in the immune system,	
	which is involved in the maintenance of peripheral tolerance to self-antigens. The modified IL-2	

Pathways:

Froduct Details		
	protein containing a substitution at position C145S retains full biological activity, suggesting that the cysteine at this position is not involved in a disulfide bond and that a free sulfhydryl group at that position is not necessary for receptor binding. Additionally, the C145S mutation insertion avoids non-specific disulfides and improves the physical properties of the protein.	
Purity:	>95 % (SDS-PAGE)	
Endotoxin Level:	<0.01EU/µg protein (LAL test, Lonza).	
Biological Activity Comment:	Measured by its ability to stimulate the proliferation of mouse CTLL-2 cells. The ED50 for this effect is typically 0.1ng/mL, corresponding to a specific activity of 1x 107 units/mg.	
Target Details		
Target:	IL-2 (IL2)	
Alternative Name:	IL-2 (IL2 Products)	
Background:	ground: Alternate Names/Synonyms: Interleukin-2, Aldesleukin  Product Description: Interleukin-2 (II -2) is a 133 amino acid glycoprotein with one	

Product Description: Interleukin-2 (IL-2) is a 133 amino acid glycoprotein with one intramolecular disulfide bond and variable glycosylation. It is secreted by activated T cells and induces proliferation and maturation of activated T cells, natural killer cells, and lymphokine activated killer cells. IL-2 also stimulates proliferation of antibody-producing B cells, activates neutrophils, and induces mononuclear cells to secrete IFN-gamma and TNF-alpha and -beta. Moreover, studies have shown that IL-2 is required for activation-induced apoptosis, an important hemeostatic mechanism in the immune system, which is involved in the maintenance of peripheral tolerance to self-antigens. The modified IL-2 protein containing a substitution at position C145S retains full biological activity, suggesting that the cysteine at this position is not involved in a disulfide bond and that a free sulfhydryl group at that position is not necessary for receptor binding. Additionally, the C145S mutation insertion avoids non-specific disulfides and improves the physical properties of the protein.

Molecular Weight: ~19kDa (SDS-PAGE)

NCBI Accession: NP\_000577

JAK-STAT Signaling, Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response, Activated T Cell Proliferation

## **Application Details**

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	Lyophilized from 0.2µm-filtered solution in PBS.
Handling Advice:	Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. PBS containing at least 0.1 % BSA should be used for further
	dilutions.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Short Term Storage: +4°C
	Long Term Storage: -20°C
	Use & Stability: Stable for at least 1 year after receipt when stored at -20°C. Working aliquots

are stable for up to 3 months when stored at -20°C.