

# Datasheet for ABIN6253485

# Recombinant anti-DLG4 antibody



## Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	DLG4
Reactivity:	Rat, Mouse, Human
Host:	Human
Antibody Type:	Recombinant Antibody
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Application:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

anti-PSD-95 (palmitoylated), mAb (rec.) (PF11)

#### **Product Details**

Purpose:

Immunogen:	Palmitoylated PSD-95.
Clone:	PF11
Isotype:	IgG2
Characteristics:	Recombinant Antibody. Recognizes human, mouse and rat palmitoylated PSD-95. Isotype:
	Human IgG2. Clone: PF11. Applications: ICC, IHC. Liquid. In PBS containing 10 % glycerol. PSD-
	95 is a member of proteins located at a specialized postsynaptic membrane region, called the
	postsynaptic density (PSD). PSD-95 is the most abundant scaffold protein specifically enriched
	in the PSD. It contains three PDZ domains, an SH3 domain and a guanylate kinase (GuK)-like
	domain. Through its PDZ domains, PSD-95 assembles various synaptic components at the PSD
	including intracellular signaling molecules (e.g. SynGAP and kalirin-7), ion channels (e.g.
	stargazin/AMPA receptors [AMPARs] and NMDA receptors) and cell adhesion molecules (e.g.

neuroligin). PSD-95 plays a primary role in synaptic development and maturation and is regulated by palmitoylation at its N-terminal cysteine residues leading to its postsynaptic targeting. Palmitoylation of PSD-95 is triggered by DHHC2, a plasma membrane-inserted palmitoylating enzyme. Palmitoylated PSD-95 is almost exclusively localized at excitatory synapses in neurons.

Purity:

>95 % (SDS-PAGE)

## **Target Details**

Target:	DLG4
Alternative Name:	PSD-95 (DLG4 Products)
Background:	Alternate Names/Synonyms: PSD95, Disks Large Homolog 4, DLG4, Postsynaptic Density
	Protein 95, Synapse-associated Protein 90, SAP90
	Product Description: PSD-95 is a member of proteins located at a specialized postsynaptic
	membrane region, called the postsynaptic density (PSD). PSD-95 is the most abundant scaffold
	protein specifically enriched in the PSD. It contains three PD7 domains an SH3 domain and a

membrane region, called the postsynaptic density (PSD). PSD-95 is the most abundant scaffold protein specifically enriched in the PSD. It contains three PDZ domains, an SH3 domain and a guanylate kinase (GuK)-like domain. Through its PDZ domains, PSD-95 assembles various synaptic components at the PSD including intracellular signaling molecules (e.g. SynGAP and kalirin-7), ion channels (e.g. stargazin/AMPA receptors [AMPARs] and NMDA receptors) and cell adhesion molecules (e.g. neuroligin). PSD-95 plays a primary role in synaptic development and maturation and is regulated by palmitoylation at its N-terminal cysteine residues leading to its postsynaptic targeting. Palmitoylation of PSD-95 is triggered by DHHC2, a plasma membrane-inserted palmitoylating enzyme. Palmitoylated PSD-95 is almost exclusively localized at excitatory synapses in neurons.

Pathways:

Regulation of Muscle Cell Differentiation, Synaptic Membrane, Skeletal Muscle Fiber

Development, Asymmetric Protein Localization, Regulation of long-term Neuronal Synaptic

Plasticity

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid

# Handling

Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	Liquid. In PBS containing 10 % glycerol.
Handling Advice:	After opening, prepare aliquots and store at -20 °C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Short Term Storage: +4°C
	Long Term Storage: -20°C
	Use & Stability: Stable for at least 1 year after receipt when stored at -20°C.