antibodies - online.com







anti-PKM antibody (pTyr105)



Image



| Overview | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Quantity: | 100 μL |
| Target: | PKM |
| Binding Specificity: | pTyr105 |
| Reactivity: | Human, Mouse |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This PKM antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC) |
| Product Details | |
| Immunogen: | A synthesized peptide derived from human PKM2 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr105. |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Specificity: | Phospho-PKM2 (Tyr105) Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKM2 only when phosphorylated at Tyr105. |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Pig,Bovine,Sheep,Rabbit,Dog,Chicken,Xenopus |
| Purification: | The antibody is from purified rabbit serum by affinity purification via sequential chromatography on phospho- and non-phospho-peptide affinity columns. |
| Target Details | |
| Target: | PKM |

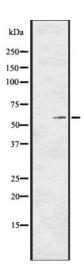
Target Details

| Alternative Name: | PKM (PKM Products) |
|---------------------|---|
| Background: | Description: Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously membrane-bound ephrin-A |
| | family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling |
| | into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as |
| | forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to a |
| | reverse signaling. Activated by the ligand ephrin-A1/EFNA1 regulates migration, integrin- |
| | mediated adhesion, proliferation and differentiation of cells. Regulates cell adhesion and |
| | differentiation through DSG1/desmoglein-1 and inhibition of the ERK1/ERK2 (MAPK3/MAPK1, |
| | respectively) signaling pathway. May also participate in UV radiation-induced apoptosis and |
| | have a ligand-independent stimulatory effect on chemotactic cell migration. During |
| | development, may function in distinctive aspects of pattern formation and subsequently in |
| | development of several fetal tissues. Involved for instance in angiogenesis, in early hindbrain |
| | development and epithelial proliferation and branching morphogenesis during mammary gland |
| | development. Engaged by the ligand ephrin-A5/EFNA5 may regulate lens fiber cells shape and |
| | interactions and be important for lens transparency development and maintenance. With |
| | ephrin-A2/EFNA2 may play a role in bone remodeling through regulation of osteoclastogenesis |
| | and osteoblastogenesis. |
| | Gene: EPHA2 |
| Molecular Weight: | 58kDa |
| Gene ID: | 5315 |
| UniProt: | P14618 |
| Pathways: | Warburg Effect |
| Application Details | |
| Application Notes: | WB 1:1000-3000, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |
| Handling | |
| Format: | Liquid |
| Concentration: | 1 mg/mL |
| Buffer: | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 % |
| | glycerol. |

Handling

| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
|--------------------|--|
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. |
| Expiry Date: | 12 months |

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis of Phospho-PKM2 (Tyr105) using K562 whole cell lysates