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anti-RPL5 antibody (C-Term)



Images



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Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	RPL5
Binding Specificity:	C-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This RPL5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human RPL5, corresponding to a region within C-terminal

Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human RPL5, corresponding to a region within C-terminal amino acids.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	RPL5 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total RPL5.
Predicted Reactivity:	Bovine,Horse,Dog,Chicken,Xenopus
Purification:	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink TM Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific).

Target Details

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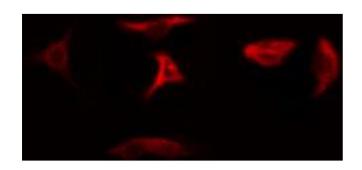
Target Details

Alternative Name:	RPL5 (RPL5 Products)	
Background:	Description: Component of the ribosome, a large ribonucleoprotein complex responsible for the	
	synthesis of proteins in the cell. The small ribosomal subunit (SSU) binds messenger RNAs	
	(mRNAs) and translates the encoded message by selecting cognate aminoacyl-transfer RNA	
	(tRNA) molecules. The large subunit (LSU) contains the ribosomal catalytic site termed the	
	peptidyl transferase center (PTC), which catalyzes the formation of peptide bonds, thereby	
	polymerizing the amino acids delivered by tRNAs into a polypeptide chain. The nascent	
	polypeptides leave the ribosome through a tunnel in the LSU and interact with protein factors	
	that function in enzymatic processing, targeting, and the membrane insertion of nascent chains	
	at the exit of the ribosomal tunnel. As part of the 5S RNP/5S ribonucleoprotein particle it is an	
	essential component of the LSU, required for its formation and the maturation of rRNAs	
	(PubMed:12962325, PubMed:19061985, PubMed:24120868, PubMed:23636399). It also	
	couples ribosome biogenesis to p53/TP53 activation. As part of the 5S RNP it accumulates in	
	the nucleoplasm and inhibits MDM2, when ribosome biogenesis is perturbed, mediating the	
	stabilization and the activation of TP53 (PubMed:24120868).	
	Gene: RPL5	
Molecular Weight:	34 kDa	
Gene ID:	6125	
UniProt:	P46777	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	WB 1:500-1:1000, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, IHC 1:50-1:200, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 mg/mL	
Buffer:	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 %	
	glycerol.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which	
	should be handled by trained staff only.	

Handling

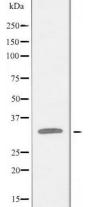
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



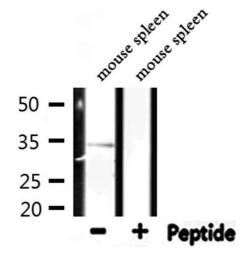
Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 1. ABIN6274783 staining Hela cells by IF/ICC. The sample were fixed with PFA and permeabilized in 0.1% Triton X-100,then blocked in 10% serum for 45 minutes at 25°C. The primary antibody was diluted at 1/200 and incubated with the sample for 1 hour at 37°C. An Alexa Fluor 594 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) antibody(Cat.# S0006), diluted at 1/600, was used as secondary antibody.



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of extracts from HepG2 cells using RPL5 antibody.



Western Blotting

Image 3. Western blot analysis of extracts from mouse spleen, using RPL5 Antibody.