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anti-Ephrin A5 antibody (Internal Region)

Images



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Overview		
Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	Ephrin A5 (EFNA5)	
Binding Specificity:	Internal Region	
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This Ephrin A5 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	
Product Details		

Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human Ephrin A5, corresponding to a region within the internal amino acids.	
Isotype:	IgG	
Specificity:	Ephrin A5 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total Ephrin A5.	
Predicted Reactivity:	Pig,Zebrafish,Bovine,Horse,Sheep,Rabbit,Dog,Chicken	
Purification:	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink TM Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific).	

Target Details

Target:	Ephrin A5 (EFNA5)	

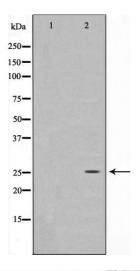
Target Details

Alternative Name:	EFNA5 (EFNA5 Products)	
Background:	Description: Cell surface GPI-bound ligand for Eph receptors, a family of receptor tyrosine	
	kinases which are crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular and	
	epithelial development. Binds promiscuously Eph receptors residing on adjacent cells, leading	
	to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway	
	downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway	
	downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Induces compartmentalized	
	signaling within a caveolae-like membrane microdomain when bound to the extracellular	
	domain of its cognate receptor. This signaling event requires the activity of the Fyn tyrosine	
	kinase. Activates the EPHA3 receptor to regulate cell-cell adhesion and cytoskeletal	
	organization. With the receptor EPHA2 may regulate lens fiber cells shape and interactions and	
	be important for lens transparency maintenance. May function actively to stimulate axon	
	fasciculation. The interaction of EFNA5 with EPHA5 also mediates communication between	
	pancreatic islet cells to regulate glucose-stimulated insulin secretion. Cognate/functional ligano	
	for EPHA7, their interaction regulates brain development modulating cell-cell adhesion and	
	repulsion.	
	Gene: EFNA5	
Molecular Weight:	25kDa	
Gene ID:	1946	
UniProt:	P52803	
Pathways:	RTK Signaling	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC 1:50-1:200, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 mg/mL	
Buffer:	Rabbit lgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 $\%$ sodium azide and 50 $\%$	
	glycerol.	

Handling

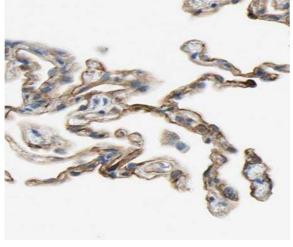
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	age Comment: Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	

Validation report #104221 for Western Blotting (WB)



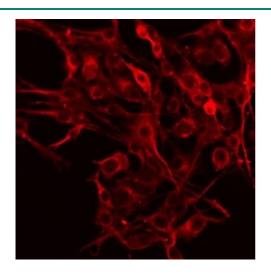
Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis on HeLa cell lysate using EFNA5 Antibody, The lane on the left is treated with the antigen-specific peptide.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. ABIN6266860 at 1/100 staining human lung carcinoma tissue sections by IHC-P. The tissue was formaldehyde fixed and a heat mediated antigen retrieval step in citrate buffer was performed. The tissue was then blocked and incubated with the antibody for 1.5 hours at 22°C. An HRP conjugated goat anti-rabbit antibody was used as the secondary.



Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 3. ABIN6266860 staining HeLa by IF/ICC. The sample were fixed with PFA and permeabilized in 0.1% Triton X-100,then blocked in 10% serum for 45 minutes at 25°C. The primary antibody was diluted at 1/200 and incubated with the sample for 1 hour at 37°C. An Alexa Fluor 594 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) Ab, diluted at 1/600, was used as the secondary antibody.