

### Datasheet for ABIN6261569

# anti-EPH Receptor B2 antibody (C-Term)

## **Images**



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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	EPH Receptor B2 (EPHB2)	
Binding Specificity:	C-Term	
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This EPH Receptor B2 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human EPHB2, corresponding to a region within C-terminal amino acids.	
Isotype:	IgG	
Specificity:	EPHB2 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total EPHB2.	
Purification:	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink <sup>TM</sup> Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific).	
Target Details		
Target:	EPH Receptor B2 (EPHB2)	
Alternative Name:	EPHB2 (EPHB2 Products)	

Background:

Description: Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously transmembrane ephrin-B family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Functions in axon guidance during development. Involved in the guidance of commissural axons, that form a major interhemispheric connection between the 2 temporal lobes of the cerebral cortex. Also involved in guidance of contralateral inner ear efferent growth cones at the midline and of retinal ganglion cell axons to the optic disk. In addition to axon guidance, also regulates dendritic spines development and maturation and stimulates the formation of excitatory synapses. Upon activation by EFNB1, abolishes the ARHGEF15-mediated negative regulation on excitatory synapse formation. Controls other aspects of development including angiogenesis, palate development and in inner ear development through regulation of endolymph production. Forward and reverse signaling through the EFNB2/EPHB2 complex regulate movement and adhesion of cells that tubularize the urethra and septate the cloaca. May function as a tumor suppressor.

Gene: EPHB2

Molecular Weight:

117 kDa

Gene ID:

UniProt:

2048 P29323

Pathways:

RTK Signaling, Regulation of long-term Neuronal Synaptic Plasticity, S100 Proteins

#### **Application Details**

Application Notes:

WB 1:500-1:2000, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, IHC 1:50-1:200, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

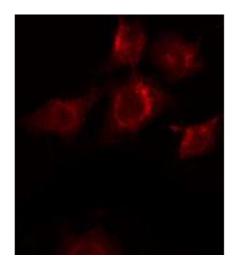
#### Handling

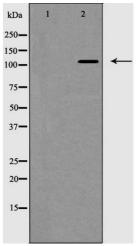
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 mg/mL	
Buffer:	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 % glycerol.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which	

#### Handling

	should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	

#### **Images**





#### Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

**Image 1.** ABIN6268794 staining Hela by IF/ICC. The sample were fixed with PFA and permeabilized in 0.1% Triton X-100,then blocked in 10% serum for 45 minutes at 25°C. The primary antibody was diluted at 1/200 and incubated with the sample for 1 hour at 37°C. An Alexa Fluor 594 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) Ab, diluted at 1/600, was used as the secondary antibody.

#### **Western Blotting**

**Image 2.** Western blot analysis of EPHB2 expression in Jurkat cells, The lane on the left is treated with the antigenspecific peptide.