

# Datasheet for ABIN6262928

# anti-LCK antibody (N-Term)

2 Images



# Oo to rroduct page

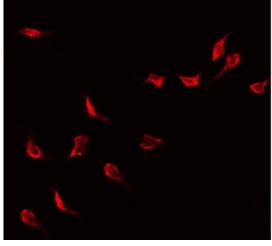
Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	LCK
Binding Specificity:	N-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This LCK antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human LCK, corresponding to a region within N-terminal amino acids.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	LCK Antibody detects endogenous levels of total LCK.
Predicted Reactivity:	Pig,Zebrafish,Bovine,Horse,Sheep,Rabbit,Dog
Purification:	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink <sup>TM</sup> Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific).
Target Details	
Target:	LCK

Alternative Name:	LCK (LCK Products)
Background:	Description: Non-receptor tyrosine-protein kinase that plays an essential role in the selection
	and maturation of developing T-cells in the thymus and in the function of mature T-cells. Plays
	a key role in T-cell antigen receptor (TCR)-linked signal transduction pathways. Constitutively
	associated with the cytoplasmic portions of the CD4 and CD8 surface receptors. Association of
	the TCR with a peptide antigen-bound MHC complex facilitates the interaction of CD4 and CD8
	with MHC class II and class I molecules, respectively, thereby recruiting the associated LCK
	protein to the vicinity of the TCR/CD3 complex. LCK then phosphorylates tyrosine residues
	within the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAM) of the cytoplasmic tails of
	the TCR-gamma chains and CD3 subunits, initiating the TCR/CD3 signaling pathway. Once
	stimulated, the TCR recruits the tyrosine kinase ZAP70, that becomes phosphorylated and
	activated by LCK. Following this, a large number of signaling molecules are recruited, ultimately
	leading to lymphokine production. LCK also contributes to signaling by other receptor
	molecules. Associates directly with the cytoplasmic tail of CD2, which leads to
	hyperphosphorylation and activation of LCK. Also plays a role in the IL2 receptor-linked
	signaling pathway that controls the T-cell proliferative response. Binding of IL2 to its receptor
	results in increased activity of LCK. Is expressed at all stages of thymocyte development and is
	required for the regulation of maturation events that are governed by both pre-TCR and mature
	alpha beta TCR. Phosphorylates other substrates including RUNX3, PTK2B/PYK2, the
	microtubule-associated protein MAPT, RHOH or TYROBP. Interacts with FYB2
	(PubMed:27335501).
	Gene: LCK
Molecular Weight:	58 kDa
Gene ID:	3932
UniProt:	P06239
Pathways:	TCR Signaling, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin
	Signaling Pathway, Transition Metal Ion Homeostasis, Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase
	Activity, CXCR4-mediated Signaling Events, Thromboxane A2 Receptor Signaling
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB 1:500-1:2000, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Expiry Date:	12 months

# **Images**



# 100 **-**70 **-**50 **-**35 **-**

+ Peptide

### Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

**Image 1.** ABIN6268958 staining Hela by IF/ICC. The sample were fixed with PFA and permeabilized in 0.1% Triton X-100,then blocked in 10% serum for 45 minutes at 25°C. The primary antibody was diluted at 1/200 and incubated with the sample for 1 hour at 37°C. An Alexa Fluor 594 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) Ab, diluted at 1/600, was used as the secondary antibody.

## **Western Blotting**

Image 2. Western blot analysis of LCK expression in HEK293 lysate