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anti-Mre11 antibody (C-Term)

3 Images



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Overview

| Quantity: | 100 μL |
|----------------------|--|
| Target: | Mre11 (MRE11A) |
| Binding Specificity: | C-Term |
| Reactivity: | Human, Rat, Mouse |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This Mre11 antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC) |

Product Details

| Immunogen: | A synthesized peptide derived from human Mre11, corresponding to a region within C-terminal amino acids. |
|---------------|--|
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Specificity: | Mre11 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total Mre11. |
| Purification: | The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink TM Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific). |

Target Details

| Target: | Mre11 (MRE11A) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Alternative Name: | MRE11 (MRE11A Products) |

Target Details

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|-------|-----------|
| Dacku | round: |

Description: Component of the MRN complex, which plays a central role in double-strand break (DSB) repair, DNA recombination, maintenance of telomere integrity and meiosis. The complex possesses single-strand endonuclease activity and double-strand-specific 3'-5' exonuclease activity, which are provided by MRE11. RAD50 may be required to bind DNA ends and hold them in close proximity. This could facilitate searches for short or long regions of sequence homology in the recombining DNA templates, and may also stimulate the activity of DNA ligases and/or restrict the nuclease activity of MRE11 to prevent nucleolytic degradation past a given point (PubMed:9651580, PubMed:9590181, PubMed:9705271, PubMed:11741547). The complex may also be required for DNA damage signaling via activation of the ATM kinase (PubMed:15064416). In telomeres the MRN complex may modulate t-loop formation (PubMed:10888888).

Gene: MRE11

Molecular Weight:

80kDa

Gene ID:

4361

P49959

UniProt:
Pathways:

DNA Damage Repair

Application Details

| Application Notes: | WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC 1:50-1:200, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000 |
|--------------------|---|
| | |

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

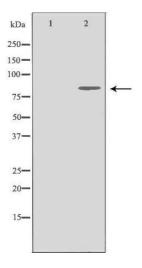
Handling

| Format: | Liquid |
|--------------------|--|
| Concentration: | 1 mg/mL |
| Buffer: | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 % glycerol. |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt. |

Expiry Date:

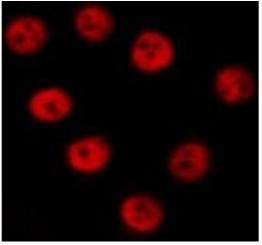
12 months

Images



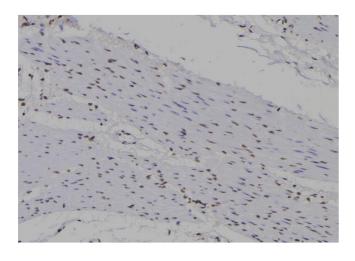
Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis of Jurkat whole cell lysates, using MRE11A Antibody. The lane on the left is treated with the antigen-specific peptide.



Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 2. ABIN6277272 staining NIH-3T3 cells by IF/ICC. The sample were fixed with PFA and permeabilized in 0.1% Triton X-100,then blocked in 10% serum for 45 minutes at 25;ãC. The primary antibody was diluted at 1/200 and incubated with the sample for 1 hour at 37;ãC. An Alexa Fluor 594 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) antibody(Cat.# S0006), diluted at 1/600, was used as secondary antibod



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. ABIN6277272 at 1/100 staining Human gastric tissue by IHC-P. The sample was formaldehyde fixed and a heat mediated antigen retrieval step in citrate buffer was performed. The sample was then blocked and incubated with the antibody for 1.5 hours at 22¡ãC. An HRP conjugated goat anti-rabbit antibody was used as the secondary