

Datasheet for ABIN6264908

anti-S100A9 antibody[Go to Product page](#)**2** Images

Overview

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Quantity: | 100 µL |
| Target: | S100A9 |
| Reactivity: | Human, Rat, Mouse |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This S100A9 antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA |

Product Details

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Immunogen: | A synthesized peptide derived from human S100A9 |
| Isotype: | IgG |
| Specificity: | S100A9 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total S100A9 |
| Cross-Reactivity: | Human, Mouse (Murine), Rat (Rattus) |
| Purification: | The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink™ Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific). |

Target Details

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Target: | S100A9 |
| Alternative Name: | S100A9 (S100A9 Products) |
| Background: | Description: S100A9 is a calcium- and zinc-binding protein which plays a prominent role in the |

regulation of inflammatory processes and immune response. It can induce neutrophil chemotaxis, adhesion, can increase the bactericidal activity of neutrophils by promoting phagocytosis via activation of SYK, PI3K/AKT, and ERK1/2 and can induce degranulation of neutrophils by a MAPK-dependent mechanism. Predominantly found as calprotectin (S100A8/A9) which has a wide plethora of intra- and extracellular functions. The intracellular functions include: facilitating leukocyte arachidonic acid trafficking and metabolism, modulation of the tubulin-dependent cytoskeleton during migration of phagocytes and activation of the neutrophilic NADPH-oxidase. Activates NADPH-oxidase by facilitating the enzyme complex assembly at the cell membrane, transferring arachidonic acid, an essential cofactor, to the enzyme complex and S100A8 contributes to the enzyme assembly by directly binding to NCF2/P67PHOX. The extracellular functions involve proinflammatory, antimicrobial, oxidant-scavenging and apoptosis-inducing activities. Its proinflammatory activity includes recruitment of leukocytes, promotion of cytokine and chemokine production, and regulation of leukocyte adhesion and migration. Acts as an alarmin or a danger associated molecular pattern (DAMP) molecule and stimulates innate immune cells via binding to pattern recognition receptors such as Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) and receptor for advanced glycation endproducts (AGER). Binding to TLR4 and AGER activates the MAP-kinase and NF-kappa-B signaling pathways resulting in the amplification of the proinflammatory cascade. Has antimicrobial activity towards bacteria and fungi and exerts its antimicrobial activity probably via chelation of Zn²⁺ which is essential for microbial growth. Can induce cell death via autophagy and apoptosis and this occurs through the cross-talk of mitochondria and lysosomes via reactive oxygen species (ROS) and the process involves BNIP3. Can regulate neutrophil number and apoptosis by an anti-apoptotic effect, regulates cell survival via ITGAM/ITGB and TLR4 and a signaling mechanism involving MEK-ERK. Its role as an oxidant scavenger has a protective role in preventing exaggerated tissue damage by scavenging oxidants. Can act as a potent amplifier of inflammation in autoimmunity as well as in cancer development and tumor spread. Has transnitrosylase activity, in oxidatively-modified low-density lipoprotein (LDL(ox))-induced S-nitrosylation of GAPDH on 'Cys-247' proposed to transfer the NO moiety from NOS2/iNOS to GAPDH via its own S-nitrosylated Cys-3. The iNOS-S100A8/A9 transnitrosylase complex is proposed to also direct selective inflammatory stimulus-dependent S-nitrosylation of multiple targets such as ANXA5, EZR, MSN and VIM by recognizing a [IL]-x-C-x-x-[DE] motif.

Gene: S100A9

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|-------------------|--------|
| Molecular Weight: | 13 kDa |
|-------------------|--------|

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| Gene ID: | 6280 |
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| UniProt: | P06702 |
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Target Details

Pathways: [Transition Metal Ion Homeostasis](#), [Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity](#), [S100 Proteins](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: WB 1:1000-3000 IHC 1:200

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 1 mg/mL

Buffer: Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 % glycerol.

Preservative: Sodium azide

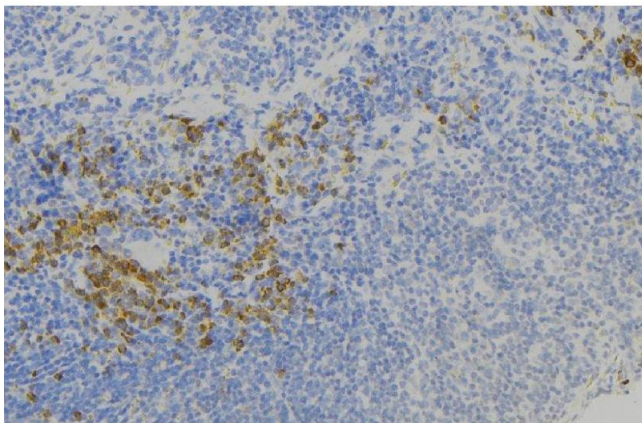
Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

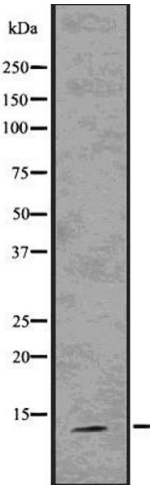
Expiry Date: 12 months

Images



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. ABIN6277802 at 1/100 staining Human lymph node tissue by IHC-P. The sample was formaldehyde fixed and a heat mediated antigen retrieval step in citrate buffer was performed. The sample was then blocked and incubated with the antibody for 1.5 hours at 22°C. An HRP conjugated goat anti-rabbit antibody was used as the secondary



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis S100A9 using 293 whole cell lysates