antibodies -online.com





anti-TRIP10 antibody (Internal Region)



Image

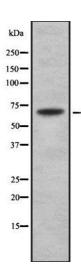


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cytochemistry (ICC)
g to a region within the
ing SulfoLink TM Coupling

Target Details

Alternative Neme:	TDID10 (TDID10 Droducto)
Alternative Name:	TRIP10 (TRIP10 Products)
Background:	Description: Required for translocation of GLUT4 to the plasma membrane in response to
	insulin signaling (By similarity). Required to coordinate membrane tubulation with
	reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton during endocytosis. Binds to lipids such as
	phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate and phosphatidylserine and promotes membrane
	invagination and the formation of tubules. Also promotes CDC42-induced actin polymerization
	by recruiting WASL/N-WASP which in turn activates the Arp2/3 complex. Actin polymerization
	may promote the fission of membrane tubules to form endocytic vesicles. Required for the
	formation of podosomes, actin-rich adhesion structures specific to monocyte-derived cells.
	May be required for the lysosomal retention of FASLG/FASL.
	Gene: TRIP10
Molecular Weight:	68 kDa
Gene ID:	9322
UniProt:	Q15642
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB 1:1000-3000, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 %
	glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Expiry Date:	12 months



Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis of TRIP10 using HuvEc whole cell lysates