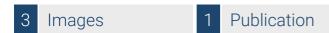


Datasheet for ABIN6266329

anti-CD44 antibody (Internal Region)





_					
()	VE	۲۱د	/1/	\square	٨.

Overview		
Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	CD44	
Binding Specificity:	Internal Region	
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This CD44 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD44, corresponding to a region within the internal amino acids.	
Isotype:	IgG	
Specificity:	CD44 Antibody detects endogenous levels of total CD44.	
Predicted Reactivity:	Pig,Bovine,Horse,Sheep,Rabbit,Dog	
Purification:	The antiserum was purified by peptide affinity chromatography using SulfoLink TM Coupling Resin (Thermo Fisher Scientific).	
Target Details		
Target:	CD44	

Target Details

Alternative Name:	CD44 (CD44 Products)	
Background:	Description: Receptor for hyaluronic acid (HA). Mediates cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions	
	through its affinity for HA, and possibly also through its affinity for other ligands such as	
	osteopontin, collagens, and matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). Adhesion with HA plays an	
	important role in cell migration, tumor growth and progression. In cancer cells, may play an	
	important role in invadopodia formation. Also involved in lymphocyte activation, recirculation	
	and homing, and in hematopoiesis. Altered expression or dysfunction causes numerous	
	pathogenic phenotypes. Great protein heterogeneity due to numerous alternative splicing and	
	post-translational modification events. Receptor for LGALS9, the interaction enhances binding	
	of SMAD3 to the FOXP3 promoter, leading to up-regulation of FOXP3 expression and increased	
	induced regulatory T (iTreg) cell stability and suppressive function (By similarity).	
	Gene: CD44	
Molecular Weight:	82kDa	
Gene ID:	960	
UniProt:	P16070	
Pathways:	Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process, Autophagy, Negative Regulation of intrinsic apoptotic	
	Signaling	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	WB 1:500-1:2000, IHC 1:50-1:200, IF/ICC 1:100-1:500, ELISA(peptide) 1:20000-1:40000	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 mg/mL	
Buffer:	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02 % sodium azide and 50 %	
	glycerol.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which	
	should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	-20 °C	

Handling

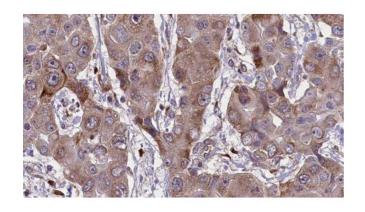
Storage Comment:	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Publications

Product cited in:

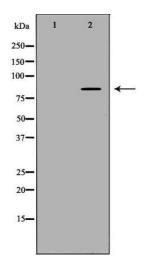
Xie, Huang, Tang, Ye, Yang, Guo, Tian, Xie, Peng, Xie: "Diallyl Disulfide Inhibits Breast Cancer Stem Cell Progression and Glucose Metabolism by Targeting CD44/PKM2/AMPK Signaling." in: **Current cancer drug targets**, Vol. 18, Issue 6, pp. 592-599, (2018) (PubMed).

Images



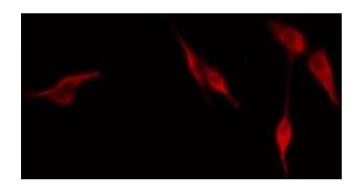
Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. ABIN6276659 at 1/100 staining Human liver cancer tissue by IHC-P. The sample was formaldehyde fixed and a heat mediated antigen retrieval step in citrate buffer was performed. The sample was then blocked and incubated with the antibody for 1.5 hours at 22¡ãC. An HRP conjugated goat anti-rabbit antibody was used as the secondary



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of MCF7 lysate using CD44 antibody. The lane on the left is treated with the antigenspecific peptide.



Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 3. ABIN6276659 staining NIH-3T3 cells by IF/ICC. The sample were fixed with PFA and permeabilized in 0.1% Triton X-100,then blocked in 10% serum for 45 minutes at 25¡ãC. The primary antibody was diluted at 1/200 and incubated with the sample for 1 hour at 37¡ãC. An Alexa Fluor 594 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) antibody(Cat.# S0006), diluted at 1/600, was used as secondary antibod