

Datasheet for ABIN635768 anti-XYLT2 antibody (C-Term)





Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	XYLT2
Binding Specificity:	C-Term
Reactivity:	Mouse, Human, Rat, Dog
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This XYLT2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	XYLT2 antibody was raised using the C terminal of XYLT2 corresponding to a region with
	amino acids LRPGPWTVRLLQFWEPLGETRFLVLPLTFNRKLPLRKDDASWLHAGPPHN
Specificity:	XYLT2 antibody was raised against the C terminal of XYLT2
Purification:	Affinity purified
Target Details	
Target:	XYLT2
Alternative Name:	XYLT2 (XYLT2 Products)
Background:	XYLT2 is an isoform of xylosyltransferase, which belongs to a family of glycosyltransferases.
	This enzyme transfers xylose from UDP-xylose to specific serine residues of the core protein
	and initiates the biosynthesis of glycosaminoglycan chains in proteoglycans including

Target Details

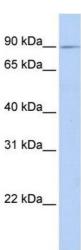
	chondroitin sulfate, heparan sulfate, heparin and dermatan sulfate. The enzyme activity, which
	is increased in scleroderma patients, is a diagnostic marker for the determination of sclerotic
	activity in systemic sclerosis.
Molecular Weight:	97 kDa (MW of target protein)
Pathways:	Glycosaminoglycan Metabolic Process

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB: 1 μ g/mL Optimal conditions should be determined by the investigator.
Comment:	XYLT2 Blocking Peptide, catalog no. 33R-5377, is also available for use as a blocking control in assays to test for specificity of this XYLT2 antibody
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	Lyophilized powder. Add distilled water for a 1 mg/mL concentration of XYLT2 antibody in PBS
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	PBS
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Dilute only prior to immediate use.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for short periods. For longer periods of storage, store at -20 °C.



Western Blotting

Image 1. XYLT2 antibody used at 1 ug/ml to detect target protein.