

Datasheet for ABIN6386767

ATP5F1D Protein (AA 23-168) (His tag)





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Quantity:	50 μg	
Target:	ATP5F1D	
Protein Characteristics:	AA 23-168	
Origin:	Human	
Source:	Escherichia coli (E. coli)	
Protein Type:	Recombinant	
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This ATP5F1D protein is labelled with His tag.	
Application:	SDS-PAGE (SDS)	
Product Details		
Characteristics:	ATP5D, 23-168aa, Human, His tag, E.coli	
Purity:	> 95 % by SDS - PAGE	
Target Details		
Target:	ATP5F1D	
Alternative Name:	ATP5D (ATP5F1D Products)	
Background:	ATP5D, also known as F-ATPase delta subunit, catalyzes ATP synthesis, utilizing an	
	electrochemical gradient of protons across the inner membrane during oxidative	
	phosphorylation. ATP synthase is composed of two linked multi-subunit complexes: the soluble	
	catalytic core, F1, and the membrane-spanning component, Fo, comprising the proton channel.	
	The catalytic portion of mitochondrial ATP synthase consists of 5 different subunits (alpha,	

beta, gamma, delta, and epsilon) assembled with a stoichiometry of 3 alpha, 3 beta, and a single representative of the other 3. The proton channel consists of three main subunits (a, b, c). This protein is the delta subunit of the catalytic core. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same isoform have been identified. Recombinant human ATP5D protein, fused to His-tag at N-terminus, was expressed in E.coli and purified by using conventional chromatography. Synonyms: ATP synthase subunit delta, mitochondrial, F-ATPase delta subunit. NCBI no.: NP_001678

Molecular Weight:

17.3 kDa (167aa), confirmed by MALDI-TOF

Pathways:

Proton Transport, Ribonucleoside Biosynthetic Process

Application Details

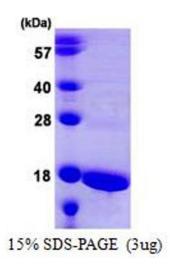
Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	0.25 mg/ml (determined by Bradford assay)
Buffer:	Liquid. 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH8.0) containing 20% glycerol, 0.1M NaCl
Storage:	4 °C

Images



SDS-PAGE

Image 1.