.-online.com antibodies

Datasheet for ABIN6388957 anti-CDHR5 antibody (AA 80-160)



Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	CDHR5
Binding Specificity:	AA 80-160
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This CDHR5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA

Product Details

Purpose:	Unconjugated Rabbit polyclonal to CDHR5
Immunogen:	Synthesized peptide derived from human CDHR5 protein.
Isotype:	lgG
Specificity:	CDHR5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Purification:	CDHR5 antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Target Details

Target:	CDHR5
Alternative Name:	CDHR5 (CDHR5 Products)

Order at www.antibodies-online.com | www.antikoerper-online.de | www.anticorps-enligne.fr | www.antibodies-online.cn International: +49 (0)241 95 163 153 | USA & Canada: +1 877 302 8632 | support@antibodies-online.com Page 1/2 | Product datasheet for ABIN6388957 | 09/10/2023 | Copyright antibodies-online. All rights reserved.

Target Details	
Molecular Weight:	92 kDa
Gene ID:	53841
UniProt:	Q9HBB8

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Comment:	Highest expression in kidney, liver, colon and small intestine. In kidney, expressed apically along
	brush border of proximal convoluted tubule but not in cortical collecting ducts. Isoform 1 is
	expressed primarily in adult small intestine and colon. Isoform 2 is highly expressed in fetal liver
	. Expressed in duodenum with higher expression in enterocytes along the villus axis and lower
	expression in crypts (at protein level) .
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	Liquid form in PBS containing 50 % glycerol, and 0.02 % sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.